# THE VISUAL AIDS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY AND NOT INTENDED FOR OFFICIAL USE.

TO PURCHASE OFFICIAL VISUAL AIDS PLEASE CONTACT
THE SPECIALTY CROPS INSPECTION DIVISION'S
EQUIPMENT AND FORMS DEPOT

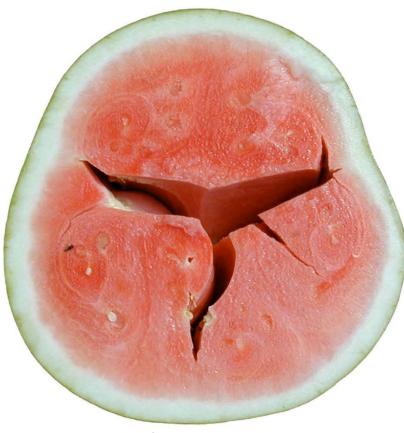
USDA, AMS, SCP, SCI 831 MITTEN ROAD, ROOM 200 BURLINGAME, CA 94010

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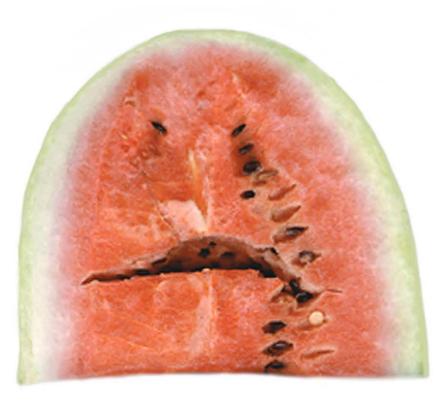
**EQUIPMENT CATALOG** 

Hollow Heart (crosswise cut)



Extreme example found with "traditional" crosswise cut. Crack extends horizontally through the melon from stem to blossom end. Note the indented areas of the melon circumference that correspond with each crack.

Hollow Heart (lengthwise cut)



Crack is oriented vertically, toward one end of this long type melon. Detected with a lengthwise cut, not evident using the "traditional" crosswise cut.

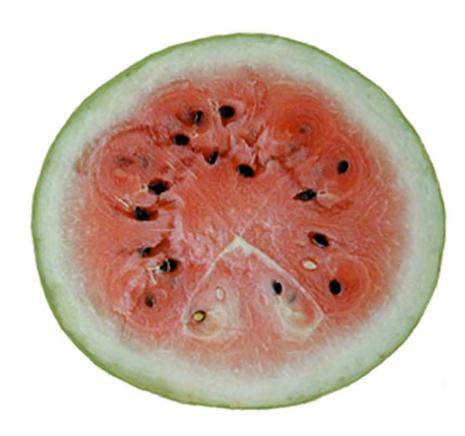
#### **Internal Rind Spot**





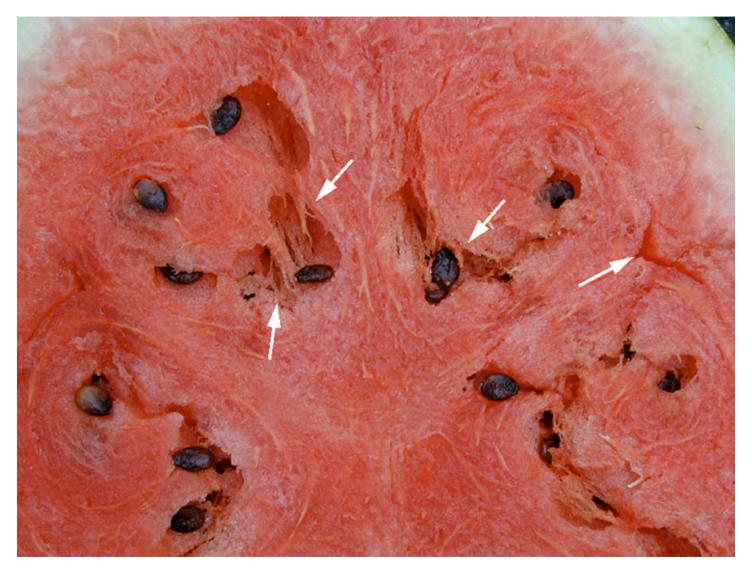


Seldom, if ever, detected externally. Associated with drought conditions. Spots are tan to brown, generally hard, dry and confined to the inner rind.



Color of affected areas can range white to light brown with flesh generally less than "fairly sweet."

#### **OVERRIPE**



Melon has open seed cavities and stringy, crystallized (mealy) flesh

#### **Examples of Sunscald & Sunburn on Watermelons**

Sunscald (condition defect)





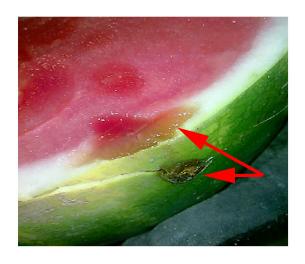
Sunburn (quality defect)



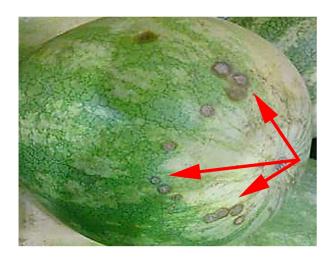


# Anthracnose (C) Always serious damage. Score any amount.

Report as decay only when penetrating the rind, or when large and soft enough to be easily penetrated with finger pressure, as shown in top left photo.









**Photos courtesy of the National Watermelon Association** 

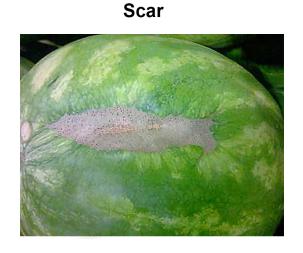
# Hail, Scars, and Rind Worm Injury (Q)

Apply same scoring guide to these defects.

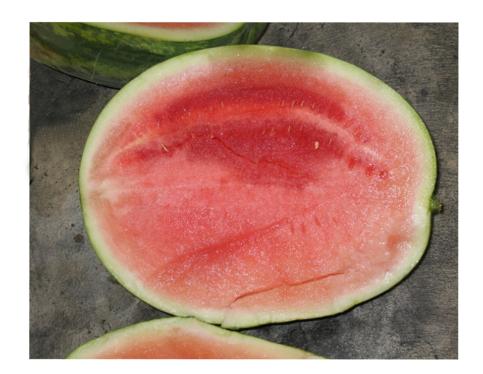
Hail

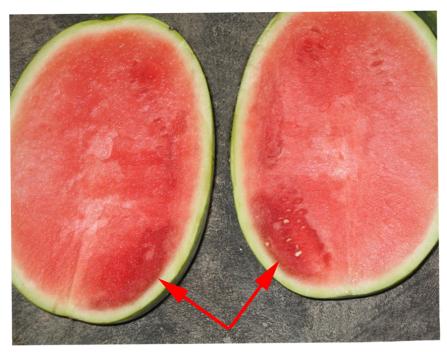




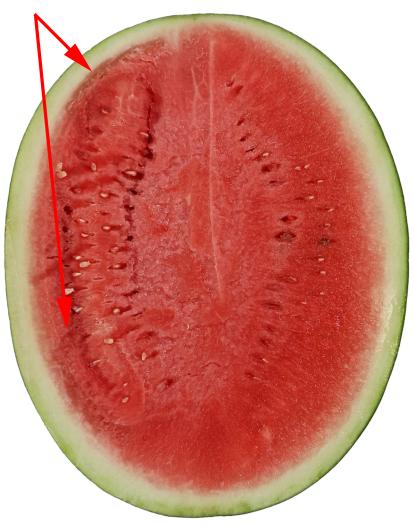








# Watermelons Examples of Bruising (C)



**USDA WAT-IDENT-7 October 2020** 

#### Watermelons: Immaturity (Q)

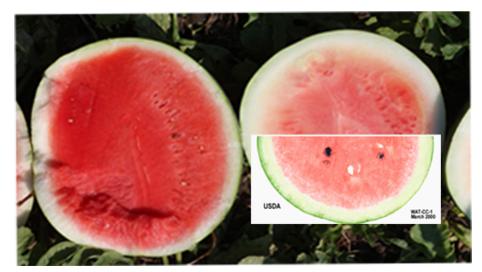
Immature is always scored as serious damage.

Immature (external view)

Immature (internal view of same melon)







Not immature.

Even though flesh color of melon on right is much lighter than melon on left, it is not lighter than color shown on WAT CC-1.

The WAT-CC-1 shown here is for demonstatation purposes only; do not use as a substitute for the actual color comparator.

#### Watermelons: Rind Worm Injury on Ground Spot (Q)

#### **Scoring Guide**

Damage: Score when the aggregating rind worm scars exceed 3 square inches on a 15 pound melon. Allow corresponding larger or smaller areas on larger or smaller melons. The portion of rind worm injury occurring on the ground spot is only scorable as damage when seriously detracting from the appearance.

Scorable as damage since affected area on ground spot is greater than 3 square inches and seriously detracts from the appearance.

Maximum allowed. Not scorable as damage since affected area on ground spot **only** materially detracts from the appearance.





#### **Watermelons: Ground Spot on Different Varieties**

Ground spot is more yellow on some varieties, such as Crackerjack. Not to be confused with sunburn.

Ground spot is more tannish on other varieties, such as Embassy.



Underside

(belly) with ground spot

with ground spot

(belly)

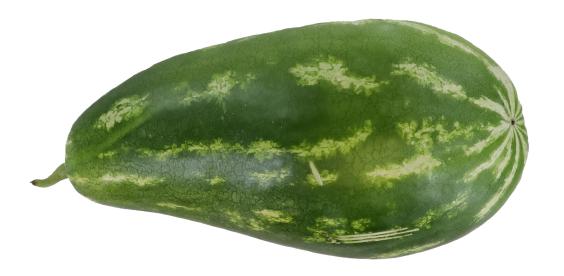




Same melon topside

# Watermelons: Shape (Q)

Shape permissable in U.S. No. 2 grade.



Shapes not permissable in U.S. No. 2 grade.





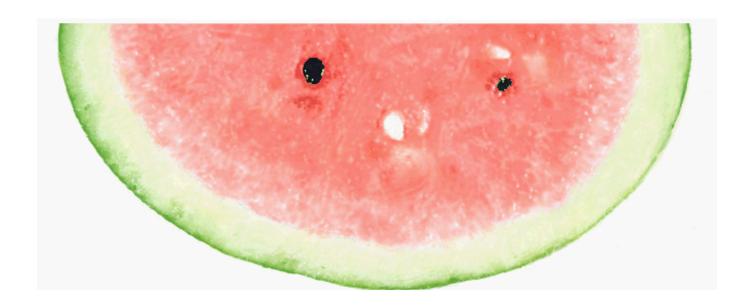
#### Watermelons: Examples of Second Growth (Q)

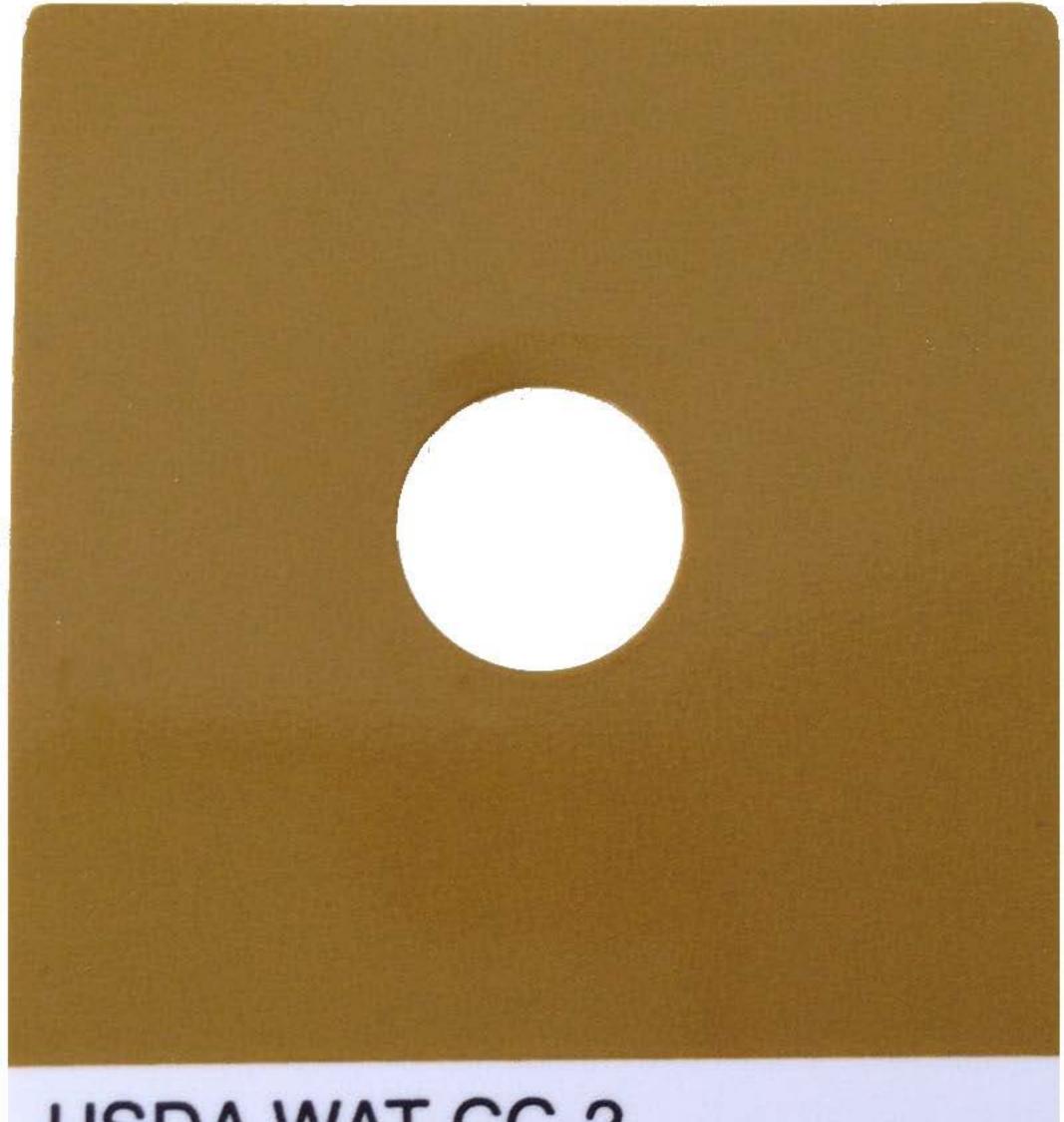
To determine if there is second growth, cut the melon <u>crosswise</u> (between the stem and blossom ends) as shown below.



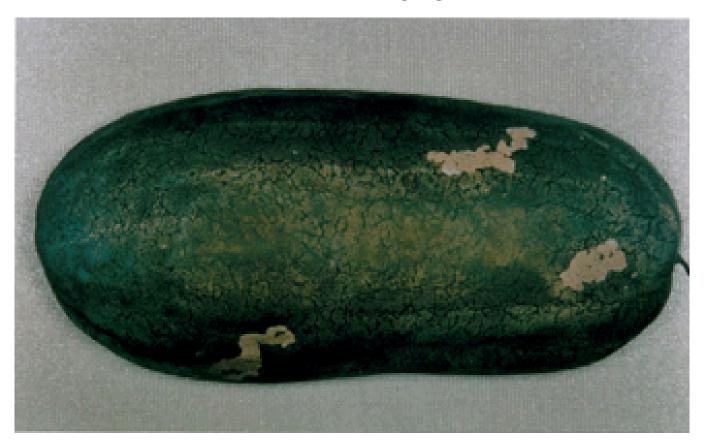
Score as serious damage on a 15 pound melon when there are 3 or more curlicues,
1 to 2 inches in diameter, which are not at least fairly sweet.
Both melons shown are 15 pounds and both have more than 3 curlicues 2 inches and larger in diameter and are scorable (assuming they are not fairly sweet). The melon on the right has more typical pale pink to white flesh surrounding the heart.

These are not minimums but are examples of second growth.





USDA WAT-CC-2
Watermelons: Medium Brown
This is the minimum brown
color for scoring Transit Rubs.
August 2014



**Damage by Rind Worm Scarring** 

Watermelons Rind Worm Scarring C-1 March 1990 (Previously 1963)

#### SLIDE 40 - MIXED VARIETIES



#### SLIDE 41 -- SHAPE



#### SLIDE 42 -- SHAPE



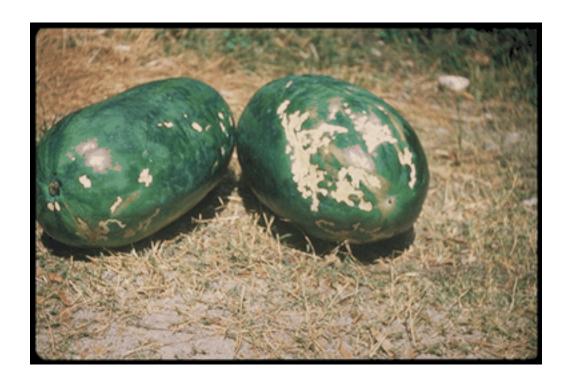
SLIDE 44 -- HAIL



#### **SLIDE 45 – SCARRING HAIL**



#### **SLIDE 46 – RIND WORM**



#### **SLIDE 47 – WHITE HEART RIDGING**



#### **SLIDE 48 – WHITE HEART RIDGING**



#### **SLIDE 49 – WHITE HEART RIDGING**



#### **SLIDE 50 – WHITE HEART RIDGING**



#### **SLIDE 51 – WHITE HEART RIDGING**



#### SLIDE 52 – IMMATURE EXTERNAL



#### **SLIDE 54 – IMMATURE EXTERNAL**



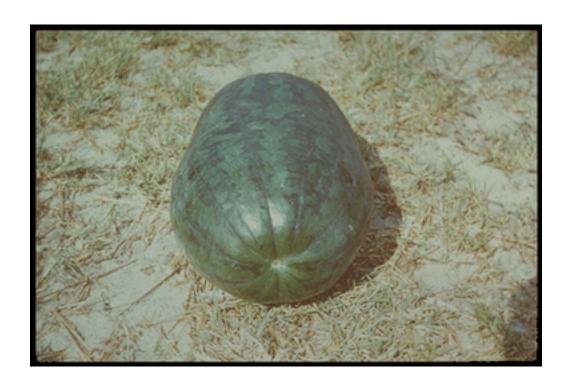
#### **SLIDE 56 – HOLLOW HEART EXTERNAL**



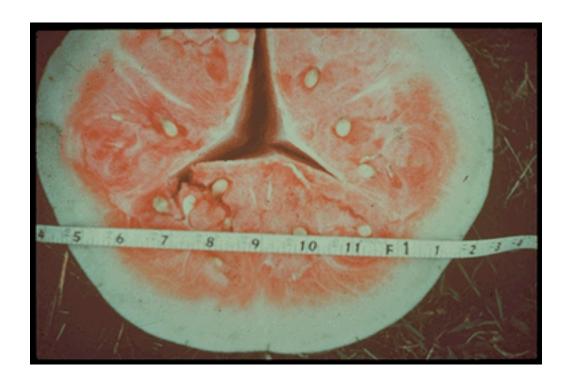
#### SLIDE 57 – HOLLOW HEART CULL



#### **SLIDE 58 – HOLLOW HEART EXTERNAL**



#### SLIDE 59 – HOLLOW HEART CULL



#### SLIDE 60 -- SUNBURN



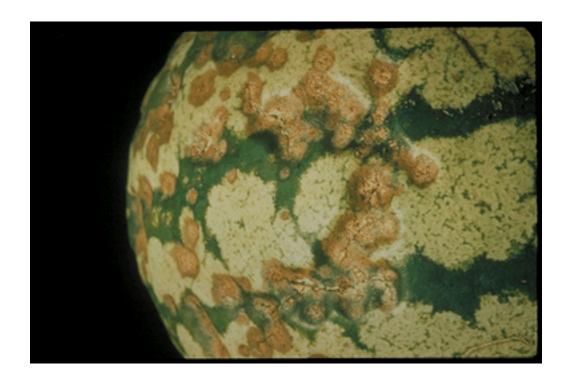
#### SLIDE 61 -- SUNSCALD



SLIDE 62 -- DECAY



#### **SLIDE 63 -- ANTHRACNOSE**



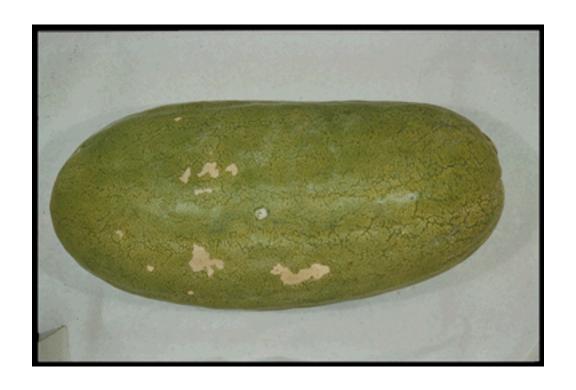
#### SLIDE 64 – NOT ANTHRACNOSE



#### SLIDE 65 -- SHAPE



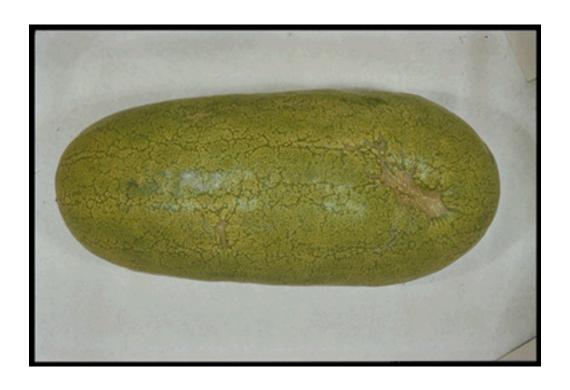
#### SLIDE 206 – RIND WORM INJURY



#### **SLIDE 207 -- SCARRING**



#### **SLIDE 208 -- SCARRING**



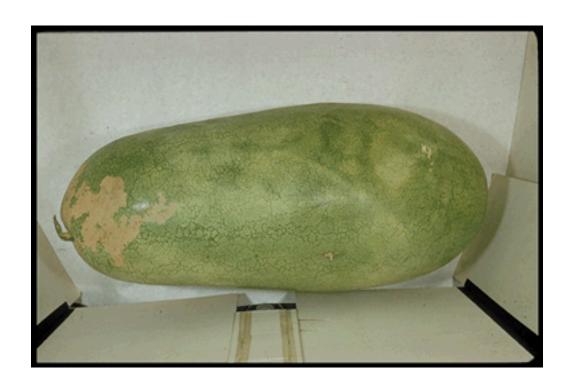
#### **SLIDE 209 – HOLLOW HEART**



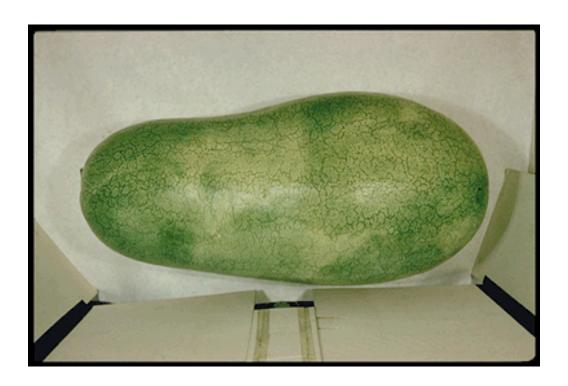
#### **SLIDE 210 – HOLLOW HEART**



#### SLIDE 211 – RIND WORM INJURY



#### **SLIDE 212 -- SCARRING**



#### **SLIDE 213 -- IMMATURE**

