

# **United States Department of Agriculture**

Marketing and Regulatory Programs

Agricultural Marketing Service

Specialty Crops Program

Specialty Crops Inspection Division United States Standards for Grades of Canned Pork and Beans

**Effective September 1, 1976** 

(Reprinted June 8, 2016)

This is a reprint of the United States Standards for Grades of Canned Pork and Beans which have been in effect since September 1, 1976 and were updated to modify the format.

Voluntary U.S. grade standards are issued under the authority of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946, which provides for the development of official U.S. grades to designate different levels of quality. These grade standards are available for use by producers, suppliers, buyers, and consumers. As in the case of other standards for grades of fresh and processed fruits, vegetables, and specialty crops these standards are designed to facilitate orderly marketing by providing a convenient basis for buying and selling, for establishing quality control programs, and for determining loan values.

The U.S. grade standards and inspection instructions for all fresh and processed fruits, vegetables, and specialty crops are available on the internet and upon request at the address below. These documents provide detailed interpretations of the grade standards and provide step-by-step procedures for grading the product.

Grade standards are issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) after careful consideration of all data and views submitted during rulemaking. The Department welcomes suggestions for improving the standards in future revisions. Comments may be submitted to, and copies of standards and inspection instructions obtained from:

Director, Specialty Crops Inspection Division Specialty Crops Program, USDA, Agricultural Marketing Service 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, STOP 0240 Washington, D.C. 20250

**Authority**: 7 U.S.C. 1621-1627.

**Note**: Compliance with the provisions of these standards shall not excuse failure to

comply with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, or

with applicable State laws and regulations.

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# **United States Standards for Grades of Canned Pork and Beans**

Section		Page No.
§52.6441	Product Description	2
§52.6442	Types	2
§52.6443	Grade	2
§52.6444	Sample unit size	3
§52.6445	Determining the grade	3
§52.6446	Determining the rating of the factors which are scored	5
§52.6447	Consistency	5
§52.6448	Absence of defects	5
§52.6449	Character	7
§52.6450	Determining the grade of a lot	8
§52.6451	Score sheet for canned pork and beans	9

## §52.6441 Product Description.

**Canned pork and beans** (canned dried white beans with pork) is the product prepared from dry mature white beans of the species Phaseolus vulgaris L., with pork or pork fat; and with a packing medium or sauce consisting of water, tomato products, and any other safe and suitable ingredients permissible under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. The product is prepared by washing, soaking, blanching, cooking, or other processing. It is packed in hermetically sealed containers and sufficiently processed by heat to assure preservation.

## §52.6442 Types.

- (a) Pea beans (known also as Navy beans).
- (b) Small white beans.
- (c) Flat small white beans.
- (d) Great northern beans.
- (e) Other types of white beans (except white lima beans).

#### §52.6443 Grades.

- (a) U.S. Grade A is the quality of canned pork and beans that has the following attributes:
  - (1) Practically similar varietal characteristics;
  - (2) At least a reasonably good consistency;
  - (3) Practically free from defects;
  - (4) Good character;
  - **(5)** Good flavor:
  - (6) Good color; and
  - (7) Totals not less than 90 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this subpart.
- **(b) U.S. Grade B** is the quality of canned pork and beans that has at least the following attributes:
  - (1) Reasonably similar varietal characteristics;

- (2) Reasonably good consistency;
- (3) Reasonably free from defects;
- **(4)** Reasonably good character;
- **(5)** Reasonably good flavor;
- (6) Reasonably good color; and
- (7) Totals not less than 80 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this subpart.
- **(c) Substandard** is the quality of canned pork and beans that fail to meet the requirements of U.S. Grade B.

## §52.6444 Sample unit size.

Compliance with requirements for factors of quality is based on a sample unit consisting of the entire contents of one container, irrespective of container size.

## §52.6445 Determining the grade.

- **General.** The grade of canned pork and beans is determined by considering, in addition to the requirements of the respective grade, the following factors:
  - (1) Factor not rated by score points:
    - (i) Similar varietal characteristics;
    - (ii) Color; and
    - (iii) Flavor.
  - **(2) Factor rated by score points.** The relative importance of each factor is expressed numerically on the scale of 100. The maximum number of points that may be given each factor is:

Factors:	Points	
Consistency	20	
Absence of defects	40	
Character	40	
Total Score	100	

## (b) Definitions.

- (1) Similar varietal characteristics:
  - (i) Contrasting varieties means varieties of dried beans other than those specified in §52.6442 (such as red beans);
  - (ii) Varieties that blend means one or more of the varieties of dried beans specified in §52.6442 other than the predominating variety of white beans (such as pea beans with small white beans);
  - (iii) Practically similar varietal characteristics means that the beans are practically alike in size, shape, color, general characteristics, and not more than 0.5 percent, by weight, of contrasting varieties; and not more than 5 percent, by weight, of varieties that blend; and
  - (iv) Reasonably similar varietal characteristics means that the bean are reasonably alike in size, shape, color, general characteristics, and that there may be present not more than 1 percent, by weight, of contrasting varieties; and not more than 10 percent, by weight, of varieties that blend (not applicable to mixed type).

## (2) Color:

- (i) Good color means that the beans have a color that is bright, typical and reasonably uniform; and that the sauce is reasonably bright and has the distinguishing color characteristics of the addition of tomato products; and
- (ii) Reasonably good color means that the beans have a color that is fairly uniform, that may be slightly dull but not off- color; and that the sauce may be lacking in the distinguishing color characteristics of the addition of tomato products.

#### (3) Flavor:

- (i) Good flavor means that the product has a good, characteristic flavor and odor, and is free from objectionable odors of any kind; and that the flavor of the sauce is rich, distinct and characteristic of the ingredients including but not limited to tomato products; and
- (ii) Reasonably good flavor means that the product may be lacking in good flavor and odor, but is free from objectionable flavors and objectionable odors of any kind; and that the flavor of the sauce may be weak.

## §52.6446 Determining the rating of the factors which are scored.

The essential variations within each factor which is scored are so described that the value is determined for each factor and expressed numerically. The numerical range within each factor which is scored is inclusive (for example, 18 to 20 points means 18, 19, or 20 points).

# §52.6447 Consistency.

- (a) Matting means compaction to the extent that the beans cannot be removed from the container without causing damage or excessive mushiness.
- **(b) Good consistency** means that the sauce is smooth and is neither grainy nor lumpy; the product is practically free from matting; and when emptied on a flat surface forms a slightly mounded mass of beans and sauce with not more than a slight separation of liquid. Canned pork and beans that have a good consistency may be given a score of 18 to 20 points.
- (c) Reasonably good consistency means that the sauce is reasonably smooth and may be slightly grainy or slightly lumpy; the product may have a thick consistency but is reasonably free from matting and when emptied on a flat surface may have practically no separation of liquid; or, the product may have a thin consistency with separation of liquid, but it shall not be watery. Canned pork and beans that have a reasonably good consistency may be given a score of 16 or 17 points.
- (d) Substandard. Canned pork and beans that fail to meet the requirements of grade B may be given a score of 0 to 15 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

#### §52.6448 Absence of defects.

**General.** The factor of absence of defects refers to the degree of freedom from extraneous vegetable material, loose skin, broken and mashed beans, and blemished beans; or any other defects that may affect the appearance or eating quality of the product.

#### (b) Definitions:

- (1) Loose skin means skin or portions of a skin which have become separated wholly from the cotyledons;
- **Broken** means a cotyledon or portions of a cotyledon which have become separated; or a bean or portions of a bean with the skin or portions of the skin missing;
- (3) Mashed means a bean that is crushed or flattened to the extent that the

United States Standards for Grades of Canned Pork and Beans (September 1, 1976)

appearance is seriously affected;

- (4) Blemished means a bean that is affected or damaged by any means to the extent that its appearance or eating quality is adversely affected;
  - (i) Slightly;
  - (ii) Materially;
  - (iii) Seriously; and
- (5) Extraneous vegetable material means vegetable material common to the bean plant or other plants that is harmless upon eating and includes, but is not limited to, peas, lentils, cereal grains, and corn.
- (c) Practically free from defects means that the canned dried beans comply with the allowances in Table I. Canned pork and beans that are practically free from defects may be given a score of 36 to 40 points.
- (d) Reasonably free from defects means that the canned dried beans comply with the allowances in Table II. Canned dried beans that are reasonably free from defects may be given a score of 32 to 35 points shall not be graded above U.S. Grade B, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).
- **(e) Substandard**. Canned dried beans that fail to meet the allowances for Grade B may be given a score of 0 to 31 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

TABLE I – ALLOWANCES FOR DEFECTS IN CANNED PORK AND BEANS U.S. GRADE A

	Maximum amount of defects permitted		
Defects	Sample unit	Sample average	
Bolodo	Percent of net weight		
Loose skin, broken, and mashed	5		
Total blemished (slightly, materially, and seriously)	3		
Materially blemished	2		
Seriously blemished	1		
Extraneous vegetable material	No limit	1 piece per 80 ounces net weight	

TABLE II - ALLOWANCES FOR DEFECTS IN CANNED PORK AND BEANS U.S. GRADE B

	Maximum amount of defects permitted		
Defects	Sample unit	Sample average	
Delecto	Percent of net weight		
Loose skin, broken, and mashed	10		
Total blemished (slightly, materially, and seriously)	6		
Materially blemished	4		
Seriously blemished	2		
Extraneous vegetable material	No limit	1 piece per 20 ounces net weight	

#### §52.6449 Character.

- (a) General. The factor of character refers to the degree of freedom from hard beans, mushy beans, beans with tough skins, and from granulation; and to the overall palatability and texture of the beans.
- **(b)** Good character means that the beans have a good, typical texture that may be slightly granular or slightly firm; and that the skins are tender. Canned pork and beans that have a good character may be given a score of 36 to 40 points.

United States Standards for Grades of Canned Pork and Beans (September 1, 1976)

- (c) Reasonably good character means that the beans have a reasonably good, typical texture, that the beans may be firm or soft and that the presence of hard and mushy beans does not materially affect the eating quality; that the skins may be slightly tough; and that the beans may be granular or mealy. Canned pork and beans that have a reasonably good character may be given a score of 32 to 35 points and shall not be graded above U.S. Grade B, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).
- **(d) Substandard**. Canned pork and beans that fail to meet the requirements of grade B may be given a score of 0 to 31 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

## §52.6450 Determining the grade of a lot.

The grade of a lot of canned pork and beans covered by these standards is determined by the procedures set forth in the Regulations Governing Inspection and Certification of Processed Fruits and Vegetables, Processed Products Thereof, and Certain Other Processed Food Products (7 CFR 52.1 to 52.83).

§52.6451 Score sheet for canned pork and beans.

			1		
Number, size, and kind of containe	r				
Label					
Container marks or identification					
Net weight (ounces)					
Vacuum (inches)					
Similar Varietal Characteristics					
Туре					
Factors		Grade	Score Points		
	20	"A"	18-20		
Consistency		"B"	16-17		
		"SStd"	0-15 <sup>1</sup>		
	40				
		"A"	36-40		
Absence of defects		"B"	32-35 <sup>1</sup>		
		"SStd"	0-31 <sup>1</sup>		
	40				
		"A"	36-40		
Character		"B"	32-35 <sup>1</sup>		
		"SStd"	0-31 <sup>1</sup>		
Total Score	100				
Color					
Flavor and Odor					
U.S. Grade					
0.0. 01000					

<sup>1</sup>Indicates limiting rule.