NOSB NATIONAL LIST FILE CHECKLIST

CROPS

MATERIAL NAME:	Fish Products
CATEGORY: Syntheti	c Complete?:
	NOSB Database Form
	References
	MSDS (or equivalent)
	Date file mailed out:1/17/95
	TAP Reviews from:
	Bruce Spancer
	Paul Sachs
· ————————————————————————————————————	Supplemental Information:
	·
MISSING INFORMATI	ON:

NOSB/NATIONAL LIST COMMENT FORM/BALLOT

Use this page to write down comments and questions regarding the data presented in the file of this National List material. Also record your planned opinion/vote to save time at the meeting on the National List.

Name of Material Fish Products			
Type of Use:	<u>C</u> Crops;	Livestock;	Processing
TAP Review by:			
1. James	Johnson		
2. Bruce	Spencer		
3. Paul	Sachs		
Comments/Question	ons:		
			•
My Opinion/Vote	is:		
·			
Signature		Date	

USDA/TAP REVIEWER COMMENT FORM

Use this page or an equivalent to write down comments and summarize your evaluation regarding the data presented in the file of this potential National List material. Attach additional sheets if you wish.

This file is due back	to us within 30 da	ys of: <u>due: MAR o 1 1995</u>
Name of Material:	Fish Produc Paul Sachs	, +2
Fish emulsion or hyd manufacturing proces	rolysate should be sinvolves heatine added to help bre accuracy of the inf	? Explain (if appropriate) Le considered natural. The Leg and screening. Hydrolysates Leak down proteins. (over)#1 formation in the file:
This material should Synthetic		National List as: Prohibited Natural
or, <u>X</u> This m because: If one con he added to the National was on organic farm. Are there any restrict this material by use	aterial does not be sidens this productional List as Syntoducts should be encountions or limitations or application on	Delong on the National List ct synthetic, then it should thetic Allowed. However, in considered natural and their raged. S that should be placed on
Any additional comm	nents or reference	es?
	ODUCTION ACT/	Date <u>a/1/9/</u> NATIONAL LIST SECTIONS

#1. Either phosphoric or sulphuric acid is added to stabilize the product i.e. to prevent the establishment of bacterial organisms from fermenting the product. The addition of acid to these products may, in the Opinion of some, change the status of the products to synthetic, especially because phosphoric acid will increase the fertilizer value. However, phosphoric acid is a more inocuous and safer stabilizing agent. It is also more expensive. Manufacturers who choose to use phosphoric acid instead of sulfuric acid should not be penalized by having their product prohibited.

USDA/TAP REVIEWER COMMENT FORM

Use this page or an equivalent to write down comments and summarize your evaluation regarding the data presented in the file of this potential National List material. Attach additional sheets if you wish.

This file is	due back to us within 30 days of: <u>Que</u> : MAR 0 1 1995
	aterial: Fish Products ame: James Johnson
Synthetic - citric acid is Please comm	stance Natural or Synthetic? Explain (if appropriate) because of the additions of surfive or phosphoric acids. If naturally derived from citrus products, "natural-approved" status. ent on the accuracy of the information in the file: except "manufacture" of status section
	should be added to the National List as: Synthetic Allowed (Courts) Prohibited Natural This material does not belong on the National List
will not cau a rejulcito Any additio	ny restrictions or limitations that should be placed on I by use or application on the National List? Factor should be indicated on product, (e. ptt adjusted) so that end user se a stink with neighbors. This may be more of a quality issue than mal comments or references? Materials Database
Signature _.	Gromes a Colinson Date 3/8/95

ORGANIC FOOD PRODUCTION ACT/NATIONAL LIST SECTIONS

USDA/TAP REVIEWER COMMENT FORM

Use this page or an equivalent to write down comments and summarize your evaluation regarding the data presented in the file of this potential National List material. Attach additional sheets if you wish.

This file is due back to us within 30 days of: Due: MAR 0 1 1995
Name of Material: Fish Products Reviewer Name: Bruce Spencer
Is this substance Natural or Synthetic? Explain (if appropriate)
Please comment on the accuracy of the information in the file: Also fish powder accurate + complete
This material should be added to the National List as:
Synthetic Allowed Prohibited Natural
or, This material does not belong on the National List because:
Are there any restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List? Natural fish ofty not fortified with Nitrogen
Any additional comments or references?
Signature Sundant Date 3-6.95 ORGANIC FOOD PRODUCTION ACT/NATIONAL LIST SECTIONS

03/16/95

MAINE FISH HYDROLYSATE FERTILIZER STUDY

Under Federal Grant to The Portland Fish Exchange and The New England Fisheries Development Association

Michael D. Moser, Project Coordinator 93 Fessenden Street, Portland, ME 04103 207-773-7162

November 24, 1992

Mr. Eugene Kahn, NOSB Crops Committee USDA/AMS/TMD Room 2510-South P.O Box 96456 Washington, D.C. 20090-6456

Re: National Organic Standards Board, Materials Committee, Proposed Rules

Dear Mr. Kahn:

These comments are made from the perspective of a series of National Marine Fisheries Service grants aimed at determining the potential of fish protein hydrolysates as fertilizers, and as animal and aquaculture feed components. The above-captioned grant, the last of this multi-year series, examines the feasibility of producing fish protein hydrolysate fertilizers on a commercial scale for organic crop growers, as well as for ornamental landscape and natural lawn care markets in Maine. These comments pertain to hydrolysate fertilizers as a generic product, as distinct from the proprietary products already produced commercially for regional and national fertilizer markets by two New England concerns.

Comments on proposed NOSB rules, dated September 18, 1992 are given below; each comment is followed by an explanation.

DEFINITIONS NEEDED: The terms "Fish Protein Hydrolysates" and "Fish Solubles" should be defined in the rules and treated throughout as separate products. Since the stabilization needs of these two fertilizers differ, uniform stabilization standards intended to apply to all marine-derived fertilizers are not appropriate. Incidentally, the term "fish emulsions" should either be identified in the rules as a common name or colloquial term, or dropped from the rules altogether as an imprecise term.

15:44

Fish protein hydrolysates (referred to hereafter as: "hydrolysates") and fish solubles (referred to hereafter as: "solubles") are manufactured by distinctly different processes, are distinctly different products, and have distinctly different stabilization needs.

Hydroysates are made from fresh, food-grade whole fish or fish cuttings. Protein liquefaction is performed either by enzymes naturally present in the fish used, or by enzymes added to produce a specific amino acid profile. Hydrolysates are stabilized either by acidification or drying. The two hydrolysate fertilizers produced commercially in New England are stabilized with phosphoric acid. Because these hydrolysates have not been cooked or pressed, they contain both soluble and insoluble proteins, and therefore differ from solubles in their stabilization needs.

In contrast to hydrolysates, solubles are made from fish or cuttings of varying freshness. Solubles are concentrates of the "stickwater" phase of fish meal production, after insoluble proteins have been incorporated into the meal product. Because solubles are essentially a waste product of the meal manufacturing process, and may be close to putrefaction, they are stabilized with sulfuric acid, and sold as a commodity of indiscriminate quality for further processing into fertilizer. Inasmuch as solubles do not contain lipids, they are misnamed as emulsions.

STABILIZATION VS. FORTIFICATION: Categorical "by weight" stabilization limits, such as "1% by weight of P2OS" are inappropriate. The standard for the rule should be that no more phosphoric acid is used than is necessary to prevent spoilage in the hydrolysate fertilizer prior to customer use. If a minimum allowable pH is set by the rule to satisfy this standard, then that pH should provide for fertilizer pH levels slightly lower than spoilage in order to allow for the varying bone content of different hydrolysate fertilizer products. These bone components exert a pH elevating effect. A minimum allowable pH of 3.5 would therefore be a more appropriate standard.

Production experience with phosphoric acid-stabilized hydrolysates indicates that spoilage occurs at pH 3.8. Since phosphoric acid is comparatively expensive, and since over-acidification can burn crops and limit markets, commercial hydrolysate producers are highly motivated not to over-stabilize their products. Natural fish ingredients account for approximately 2.5% by weight of the phosphorus in a 2-4-2 hydrolysate fertilizer; only 1.5% results from the phosphoric acid input itself. These phosphorus levels are those necessary to stabilize - but not to fortify - the product.

Phosphoric acid is ideal for stabilizing fish protein hydrolysate fertilizers. Phytotoxic effects on cranberry crops have been associated with the use of organic acids such as formic in previous grant-funded testing of hydrolysate fertilizers. Other inorganic acids such as sulfuric are too harsh to be used with fertilizers. Since hydrolysate fertilizers are a protein-based source of micronutrients, phosphorus is released slowly, over time. Phosphorus is attracted to the soil, rather than repelled by it. This minimizes adverse environmental impacts from the artificial phosphorus inputs. Work performed under this current grant will quantify the time-release characteristics of hydrolysate fertilizers.

<u>POTASSIUM SULFATE</u>: This comment simply establishes as a matter of fact that one of New England's two commercial hydrolysate producers adds mined potassium sulfate

to acheive a 2-4-2 analysis.

CONCLUSION: This federally funded grant project is an ideal clearinghouse for relating information about New England fish hydrolysate fertilizers to the NOSB rule-making process. Had I not been notified by the Maine Organic Farmers and Gardeners Association of these proposed rules, I would have missed the opportunity to comment. I have conveyed these proposed rules to two New England producers for them to comment separately, from their own proprietary perspective. Please ensure that we all receive succeeding drafts of these proposed rules directly as they are made public. Please continue to preface your proposed rules with some indication of your comment deadlines and regulatory timetable. Also, please indicate the correct person to receive future comments from entities such as me and the commercial producers.

Sincerely,

Michael D. Moser Project Co-ordinator

michael D. Moon

cc: Nancy Taylor, Chair
NOSB Materials Committee
USDA/AMS/TMD
Room 2510-South
P.O Box 96456

Washington, D.C. 20090-6456

Fish Emulsion References

AU: Lafavore,-M.

TI: Hooked on fish emulsion [Fertilizer].

SO: Org-Gard. Emmaus, Pa.: Rodale Press. Oct 1984. v. 31 (10) p. 52-54.

CN: DNAL 57.8-OR32

PY: 1984



New research on an age-old/fertilize

ters 10 miles offshore. By the time they

a lifetime and never see one, since they cooks, the figh at 210° F., Afterwards reach their destination, the sun is applicable inclasions the less sime and southers we cargo holds are full, and each et the dock before the processing he brings back as many as half a mi for port, On a good day the refri rolls alowly through a long oven the The meat goes on to they spill into a big screw press that them on a long conveyor belt which man's waist suck up the fish and dump gins. Vacuum hoses as big amound us a

thing was find equipment the boat crewe haul

green relative of the herring that grown

The quarry is menhaden, a silvery?

fish the Atlantic with hook and line for to about 8 inches in length. You could enormous dark patches that indicate

spotter planes are circling overhead, and several of the company's Cesans

hesapeake Bay to the rich fi

They head across the

way from the docks at the Zapaja Ha

heir pilots scanning the surface for the

school of fish is below.

proteins, amino acids, and trace minertentine, particularly the B's, as well as manurer"), but acientists still aren't sure ish emulaion contains water-solubi s including lodine, zirconium, selen ants grow so well. They do know that n and even a minute amount of gol

could be hormones or synthesizing

the street son and when

teins, or something we

G-1984-octa acteristics that make it il since menhaden are very oily and ton. That's no great loss to fisherment

have no teeth and feed solely on plank-

bony—all but inedible. But it's those



basis of life."

delays aging in plants. But if the length of your sea hip side is that the tertilizer riod, and houseplants live to ized with it may truit over a longer; you to compensate by plantin lowering and fruiting by about ish emulsion, Dr. Aung notes, urlier, this shouldn't be a prol One interesting side effect of

careful about using stronger solutions one tablespoon to a gallon of was plied every 2 or 3 weeks at a dilunion buildup of soluble salts that wou emulsion is as a sidedress, to crops, a e warna, Dr. Aung feels the ideal use for hi because you could

caused by calcium deficiencies." calcium, you could end up with burn on lettuce—both of which can b sion in soil that didn't contain enough calcium, but then so are chemical leri isn't a "complete" fertilizer. zers," he says. "If you used fight entity He also cautions that fin MOI BAL

spray at both 5 and 3 weeks before crease with strawberries. He applies increase with tomatoes and a, 14% in tried this, he was able to get a 16% yield researcher at the University of Florida When Herbert Bryan, an agricultura foliar spray for feeding vegetable l'ish emulsion also makes an émelle 1 experiment with fish 1

arrigation was somewhat ic

plantin

within a few minutes. After the

and processes mouthirds of the s to produce 80% of the fish solubles add in ... EDITOR'S NOTE: Zapata Hay States M

d prunings. For lanced blend of energy-rich materia nitrogen-rich materials. For energy to composters the autumn leave int vegetable plans

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET ORTHO FISH EMULSION FERTILIZER 5-1-1

SECTION I - Product Identification

PRODUCT NAME: ORTHO FISH EMULSION FERTILIZER 5-1-1

COMPANY NAME: CHEVRON

DATE: 10/07/86

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: (415) 233-3737

SECTION II - Hazardous Components

NONE

SECTION III - Physical Data

SOLUBILITY: NDA

APPEARANCE: THICK BROWN LIQUID WITH FISH ODOR

BOILING POINT: NDA MELTING POINT: N/A SPECIFIC GRAVITY: NDA VAPOR PRESSURE: NDA

VAPOR DENSITY (VOLUME %): NDA PERCENT VOLATILE (VOLUME %): NDA

EVAPORATION: NDA

PH: APPROX. 7

SECTION IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

FLASH POINT: N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: MATERIAL WILL NOT BURN.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: READ AND OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS ON PRODUCT

LABEL.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: NONE

SECTION V - Health Hazard Data

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

EYES: IRRITATING SKIN: NONE

INHALATION: NONE INGESTION: NONE

EMERGENCY FIRST AID:

SKIN: WASH SKIN THOROUGHLY WITH SOAP AND WATER.

EYES: FLUSH EYES IMMEDIATELY WITH FRESH WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MIN. WHILE HOLD-

ING THE EYELIDS OPEN. IF IRRITATION PERSISTS, SEE A DOCTOR.

INHALATION: NO FIRST AID NEEDED.

SECTION VI - Reactivity Data

STABILITY: STABLE

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR

INCOMPATIBILITY: NONE

SECTION VII - Spill and Disposal Procedures

SPILLS:

CLEAN UP SPILLS IMMEDIATELY, OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS.

DISPOSAL:

IF SAFE AND PRACTICABLE, RELAIM MATERIAL.

SECTION VIII - Protective Equipment

RESPIRATORY: NONE NEEDED

EYES PROTECTION: CHEMICAL SAFTELY GOGGLES

SKIN PROTECTION: NONE NEEDED VENTILATION: NONE NEEDED

SECTION IX - Storage and Handling Precautions

NONE

SECTION X - Transportation Data and Additional Information

NONE

(TM) and (R): Registered Trademarks

N/A = Not Applicable OR Not Available

The information published in this Material Safety Data Sheet has been compiled from our experience and data presented in various technical publications. It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of this information for adoption of necessary safety precautions. We reserve the right to revise Material Safety Data Sheets periodically as new information becomes available.

Copyright by Manufacturer

LICENSE GRANTED TO MAKE UNLIMITED COPIES FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY by OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY



Material Safety Data Sheet

Page 1 of 6

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

ORTHO-GRO(R) Natural Fish Fertilizer 5-1-1

PRODUCT NUMBER(S): UPC06742D UPC06744C UPC06744D UPC06745C UPC06745D

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

ENERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

CHEVRON CHEMICAL COMPANY ORTHO CONSUMER PRODUCTS P.O. BOX 5047 SAN RAMON, CA 94583-0947 HEALTH (24 hr): (800)457-2022 or (510)233-3737 (International) TRANSPORTATION (24 hr): CHEMTREC (800)424-9300 or (202)483-7616

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

100.0 % ORTHO-GRO(R) Natural Fish Fertilizer 5-1-1

CONTAINING

COMPONENTS AMOUNT LIMIT/QTY AGENCY/TYPE

FISH BY-PRODUCTS

100.0%

TLV - Threshold Limit Value TWA - Time Weighted Average

STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit TPQ - Threshold Planning Quantity

RQ - Reportable Quantity PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

- Ceiling Limit CAS - Chemical Abstract Service Number

Al-5 - Appendix A Categories () - Change Has Been Proposed

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

********************** EMERGENCY OVERVIEW ******************

Brown, thick liquid with strong fish odor

Revision Number: 1 Revision Date: 12/14/93 MSDS Number: 005288

NDA - No Data Available NA - Not Applicable

Prepared according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Page 2 of 6

- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYE:

This substance is slightly irritating to the eyes and could cause prolonged (days) impairment of your vision. The degree of the injury will depend on the amount of material that gets into the eye and the speed and thoroughness of the first aid treatment.

SKIN:

This substance is not expected to cause prolonged or significant skin irritation. If absorbed through the skin, this substance is considered practically non-toxic to internal organs.

INGESTION:

If swallowed, this substance is considered practically non-toxic to internal organs.

INHALATION:

If inhaled, this substance is considered practically non-toxic to internal organs.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

EYE: May include pain, tears, swelling, redness, and blurred vision.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EMERGENCY NUMBER (24 hr): (800)457-2022 or (510)233-3737 (International)

Flush eyes immediately with fresh water for at least 15 minutes while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses if worn. If irritation persists, see a doctor.

CTIN:

No first aid procedures are required. As a precaution, wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove and wash contaminated clothing.

INGESTION:

If swallowed, give water or milk to drink and telephone for medical advice. Consult medical personnel before inducing vomiting. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product container to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

INHALATION:

Since this material is not expected to be an immediate inhalation problem, no first aid procedures are required.

5. PIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLANGLABLE PROPERTIES

FLASH POINT: NA AUTOIGNITION: NA

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS (% by volume in air): Lower: NDA Upper: NDA

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Revision Number: 1 Revision Date: 12/16/93 MSDS Number: 005288

NDA - No Data Available

NA - Not Applicable

ORTHO-GRO(R) Natural Fish Fertilizer 5-1-1

Page 3 of 6

CO2, Dry Chemical, Foam, Alcohol-type Foam, Water Fog.

NFPA RATINGS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment. This may include self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against the hazardous effects of normal products of combustion or oxygen deficiency. Read the entire document.

COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

This material will not burn.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

CHENTREC EXERGENCY NUMBER (24 hr): (800)424-9300 or (202)483-7616 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection section.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING AND STORAGE:

READ AND OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS ON PRODUCT LABEL.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYE/FACE PROTECTION:

Do not get this material in your eyes. Eye contact can be avoided by wearing chemical goggles.

SKIN PROTECTION:

No special skin protection is necessary.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

No special respiratory protection is normally required.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

No special ventilation is necessary.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION:

Brown, thick liquid with strong fish odor

pH:

5-6

VAPOR PRESSURE: N

NDA (same as water)

VAPOR DENSITY

(AIR=1):

NDA (same as water)

BOILING POINT:

212F

FREEZING POINT:

30F

Revision Number: 1 Revision Date: 12/14/93 MSDS Number: 005288

NDA - No Data Available

NA - Not Applicable

ORTHO-GRO(R) Natural Fish Fertilizer 5-1-1

4 of 6 Page

MELTING POINT:

30F

SOLUBILITY:

Dispersible in water

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.15

DENSITY:

9.58 lb/gal

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Ammonia will be released upon boiling.

CHENICAL STABILITY:

Stable.

COMDITIONS TO AVOID:

No data available.

INCOMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER MATERIALS:

May react with strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates,

peroxides, etc.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERITATION:

Polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EYE EFFECTS:

Eye irritation clearing in 48 hours.

No product toxicology data available. The hazard evaluation was based on

data on the components.

ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:

No product toxicology data available. The hazard evaluation was based on

data on the components.

ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:

No product toxicology data available. The hazard evaluation was based on

data on the components.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY:

No data available.

EMVIRONMENTAL FATE:

This material is not expected to present an environmental problem.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Partially filled container may be disposed of by securely wrapping original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash. Do not reuse empty container.

MSDS Number: 005288 Revision Date: 12/14/93 Revision Number: 1

NA - Not Applicable NDA - No Data Available

ORTHO-GRO(R) Natural Fish Fertilizer 5-1-1

Page 5 of 6

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

DOT SHIPPING NAME: NDA DOT HAZARD CLASS: NDA

DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: NDA

DOT PACKING GROUP: NDA

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311 CATEGORIES: 1.

1. Immediate (Acute) Health Effects: YES

2. Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects: NO

3. Fire Hazard: NO

4. Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: NO

5. Reactivity Hazard: NO

REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED:

01=SARA 313	11=NJ RTK	21=TSCA Sect 4(e)	
02=MASS RTK	12=CERCLA 302.4	22=TSCA Sect 5(a)(2)	
03=NTP Carcinogen	13=MN RTK	23=TSCA Sect 6	
04=CA Prop 65-Carcin	14=ACGIH TWA	24=TSCA Sect 12(b)	
05=CA Prop 65-Repro Tox	15-ACGIH STEL	25=TSCA Sect 8(a)	
06=IARC Group 1	16=ACGIH Calc TLV	26=TSCA Sect 8(d)	
07=IARC Group 2A	17=OSHA PEL	27=TSCA Sect 4(a)	
08=IARC Group 2B	18=DOT Marine Pollutant	28=Canadian WHMIS	
09=SARA 302/304	19=Chevron TWA	29=OSHA CEILING	
10=PA RTK	20=EPA Carcinogen	30=Chevron STEL	

None of the components of this material are found on the regulatory lists indicated.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA RATINGS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0; HMIS RATINGS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0;

(Least-0, Slight-1, Moderate-2, High-3, Extreme-4). These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS ratings).

REVISION STATEMENT:

PRODUCT DISCONTINUED. This Material Safety Data Sheet will no longer

Revision Number: 1 Revision Date: 12/14/93 MSDS Number: 005288

MDA - No Data Available

NA - Not Applicable

ORTHO-GRO(R) Natural Fish Fertilizer 5-1-1	Page	6 of 6
be updated.		
***********	*****	******

The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modification of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.