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EQUIPMENT CATALOG
CALIFORNIA/ARIZONA, TEXAS AND FLORIDA CITRUS

SOOTY MOLD: This disorder is caused by a fungus that adheres to excretions of the White Fly in Florida or Black Scale in California. It may occur as light deposits scattered over the surface of the fruit or as heavily concentrated areas at the stem end. Normal washing procedures usually do not remove all fungus deposits. However, they can be easily removed if scraped with a finger or knife. Sooty Mold is a permanent grade defect (not discoloration) and scored on an appearance basis. As a guide, allow an aggregate area 1” in diameter on a 27 size grapefruit, 3/4” on a 36 size and 1/2” area on a 48 size for the U.S. No. 1 grade. Allow an aggregate area 1-5/8” in diameter on 27 size grapefruit, 1-3/8” on 36 size and 1-1/8” on 48 size fruit for the U.S. No. 2 grade. (Correspondingly greater or lesser areas allowed on larger or smaller size fruit.)

PHOTOS NO. I & II – U.S. NO. 1, LOWER LIMIT
These photos illustrate areas approximately 3/4” in diameter on 36 size grapefruit.

PHOTO NO. III – U.S. NO. 2, LOWER LIMIT
This photo illustrates an area aggregating approximately 1-1/2” in diameter on a 32 size grapefruit.
SMUDGED: This term is commonly applied to fruit more or less covered with a smoky deposit which cannot be rubbed off with the hand. This disorder is caused largely by smoke from orchard heaters during the season when frost has threatened.

(Florida and Texas Citrus only.)

Smudged Fruit shall be scored on the same basis as “Discoloration” and reported on the certificate as “excessive discoloration” describing the shade of discoloration and showing percentage of surface affected.

Maximum extent appearance can be affected and still grade U.S. No. 1.
CALIFORNIA/ARIZONA, TEXAS AND FLORIDA CITRUS

These photographs illustrate various stages of oil spotting on Florida and Texas citrus.

Oil spotting does not ordinarily change materially under normal transit and storage conditions. Therefore, this defect is considered a quality factor. At times, however, the area of rind immediately surrounding or within the oil spots will start to pit and turn into skin breakdown. For illustrations of this type injury see visual aid CIT-(FLA&TX)-3-IDENT-B.

Photo No. 1

Photo No. 2

OIL SPOTTING

In the above two photos note that the spots have little depth with no pitting. The pebbly or granular texture of the ruptured oil cells is one of the best ways to distinguish oil spotting from skin breakdown.

CIT(FLA&TX)-1-IDENT-A
Oil Spotting
March 1990
(Previously CIT-(FLA&TX)-1-IDENT
August 1976, Side I)

FOR IDENTIFICATION ONLY
Extensive oil spotting on a Tangelo. (Note the granular appearance of the oil cells and the absence of pitting).

Illustration of two types of oil spotting. Right: the oil spot is slightly sunken and the oil from the ruptured cells has discolored the rind. Left: the oil cells have little depth and are not discolored.
These photographs illustrate various types of skin breakdown on Florida and Texas citrus.

Since skin breakdown is progressive it is a condition defect. Skin breakdown is a more serious defect than oil spotting as the lesions become larger, deeper, more discolored with age, and are frequently followed by decay.

Photo No. 1

Early stage.

Photo No. 2

Advanced stage.

This type of skin breakdown is known as pitting. Note the depth and angular outline of the spots.
Illustration of advanced stages of skin breakdown on a Tangelo (aging).

Skin breakdown occurring on the side and around the stem end of the fruit.

NOTE: Skin breakdown normally occurs as pitted or markedly sunken discolored areas.

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CIT-(FLA&TX)-2-IDENT-B
Skin Breakdown
March 1990
(Previously CIT-(FLA&TX)-2-IDENT
August 1976, Side II)
These photographs illustrate the difference between oil spotting and skin breakdown on Florida and Texas citrus.

In Terminal markets individual fruit affected by both oil spotting and skin breakdown shall be scored against grade as follows:

1. If the oil spotting alone exceeds the limit permitted by the grade, handle as a quality defect and report as oil spotting.
2. If the oil spotting alone does not exceed the limit permitted in the grade but the area of skin breakdown is greater than the grade allows, handle as a condition defect and report as skin breakdown.
3. If neither defect by itself is sufficient to affect grade but together they materially affect the appearance, handle as a condition defect and report as skin breakdown.

The original injury to this orange is oil spotting. However, the sunken and discolored areas at the far right and left of the affected area are skin breakdown.

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CIT(FLA&TX)-3-IDENT-A
Oil Spotting/Skin Breakdown
March 1990
(Previously CIT-(FLA&TX)-3-IDENT
August 1976, Side I)
Left – This is an abrasion, possibly caused from being in contact with the container or the machinery used in harvesting and packing processes. The abrasion has ruptured the oil cells in a manner similar to oil spotting. However, the area surrounding the abrasion has become sunken and discolored making the injury look worse.

Right – Same fruit as in photo No. 1.

Skin breakdown following oil spotting.
The original injury to this fruit was oil spotting. Subsequently, skin breakdown has started over the oil spotting.

NOTE: In the terminal markets, all the fruit in the above photos would be scored as skin breakdown and reported as a condition defect.

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GRAPEFRUIT

SLIDE 94 -- DISCOLORATION
GRAPEFRUIT

SLIDE 98 -- SPRAYBURN
GRAPEFRUIT

SLIDE 179 -- COLOR
GRAPEFRUIT

SLIDE 180 – CAKED MELANOSE
GRAPEFRUIT

SLIDE 184 – GREEN SPOT
GRAPEFRUIT

SLIDE 185 – GREEN SPOT
GRAPEFRUIT

SLIDE 186 – COLOR & GREEN SPOT
GRAPEFRUIT

SLIDE 187 – DISCOLORATION
GRAPEFRUIT

SLIDE 188 -- SCARRING
GRAPEFRUIT

SLIDE 189 -- DISCOLORATION
GRAPEFRUIT

SLIDE 190 -- BUCKSKIN