

U.S. Domestic Hemp Production Program

FVIAC Overview April 19, 2023





2018 Farm Bill

The 2018 Farm Bill directed USDA to establish a national regulatory framework for hemp production in the United States.

USDA published a final rule on January 19, 2021, implementing regulations for the production of hemp.



What is Hemp?

- The term 'hemp' means the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of that plant, including the seeds thereof and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a <u>delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration</u> of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis.
- Basically, hemp is a plant in the Cannabis family that does not contain more than <u>0.3%</u> <u>Tetrahydrocannabinol</u>, better known as <u>THC</u>.



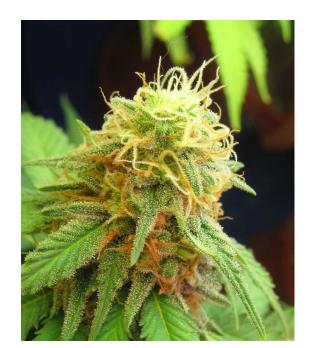
Products made from hemp?

Fiber or Grain





Flower Parts/Extracts





Fiber



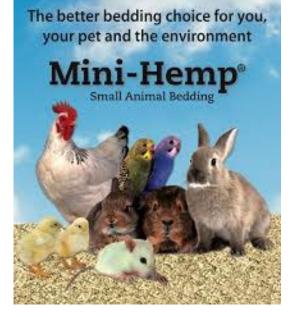
Hemp looks like this.



Canada & China, but we could make it legal to grow it here. Learn more at TNHemp.org













manufacturers make hemp products, like hemp seed oil, cancer-fighting CBD extract and healthy cooking oils. Hemp is largely imported from Canada & China, but gov't could make it legal to grow here. Learn





#TN4Hemp





















What the USDA Regulates

States and Tribes with their own programs

- States and Tribes may manage hemp in their jurisdiction through an approved Hemp Plan.
- USDA reviews and approves the Hemp Plan to be sure it is in conformance with the Final Rule.
- USDA audits the State or Tribe to be sure they are following their approved Hemp Plan and the Final Rule.

USDA-managed States and Tribes

- USDA also directly manages growers in States or Tribes that do not wish to run their own Hemp Programs
- A State or Tribe notifies USDA that they wish USDA to manage growers in their jurisdiction.
- USDA provides direct oversight to these growers.



State/Tribe Hemp Plan Requirements

- Licensing
 - Including a background check for felony drug convictions in the previous 10 years
- Total THC definition
- Field Sampling Metrics
 - How many plants to collect per acre, where to pull samples on the plant, etc.
- Lab testing requirements
 - Use of standardized lab methods, post-decarboxylation, MU, etc.
- Reporting requirements
 - FSA reporting by growers, State/Tribal reporting to USDA
- Enforcement procedures
 - Negligent violations, corrective action plans, etc.

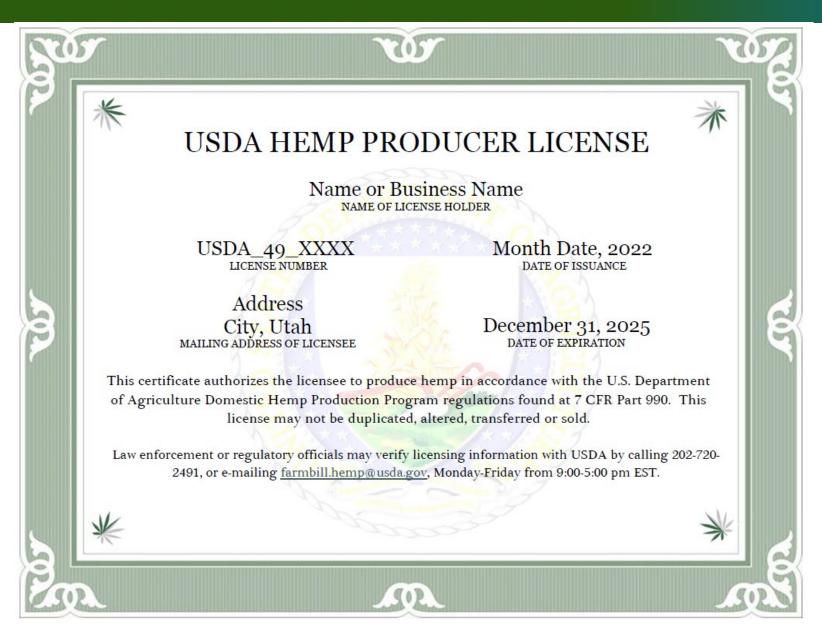
Law Enforcement

- Final Rule Requirement
 - "USDA is statutorily required to provide law enforcement with certain "real-time" information about who is growing hemp, whether their license is in good standing with the regulatory body issuing the license, and the location(s) where hemp is being grown."



USDA Producer Licensing

- There is no fee for the USDA license.
- Applications are processed on a rolling basis throughout the year.
- The only fees are background report & fingerprinting, sampling, testing and potential remediation/disposal.
- USDA-issued hemp producer licenses are valid until December 31st of the third year after the year in which the license is issued.
- Any changes to licensing information such as change of entity name, address, phone number or email may be made in the HeMP database.



VT/MO Transition Update

- Outreach Licensing Requirements
- Processing applications and issuing licenses
- Office Hours
- Training for producers (FSA, Sampling, Testing, Reporting)
- Training for Sampling Agents, Laboratories





National Agricultural Statistics Service 🔮



Hemp producers: Complete your #Hemp Production and Disposition Inquiry today! Data from the survey can help inform your decisions about growing, harvesting, and selling hemp. Respond today at agcounts.usda.gov #agriculture





USDA AMS announced the first edition of the weekly National Hemp Report. This report is free, publicly available and provides unbiased, timely, and accurate data to help industry stakeholders make business decisions.

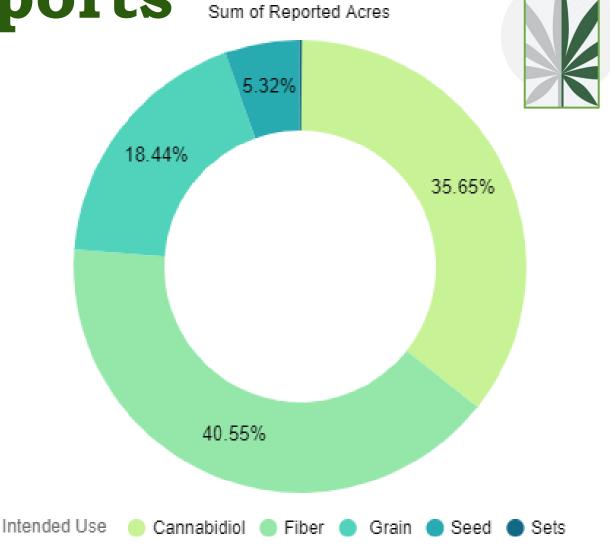
ow.ly/ir8k50MBC46



2022 Annual Reports

 Nationally, nearly 2,600 producers planted an estimated 20,800 acres of hemp in 2022.

• 87% of licensees reported planting to the Farm Service Agency (FSA).



2022 Annual Reports

20,800

Acres planted

650

Acres destroyed due to noncompliance

15,500

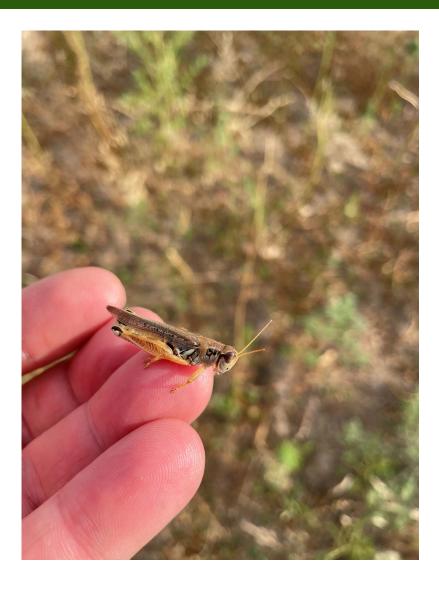
Acres harvested

4,650

Acres lost due to natural causes

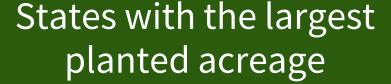
Primary causes of crop loss

- Weeds
- Poor germination
- Drought/Weather
- Pest/Animal damage

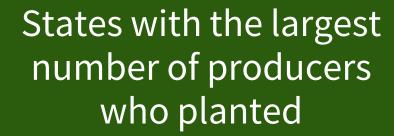




2022 Annual Reports



- South Dakota
- Colorado
- Texas
- Montana
- Kentucky



- Oregon
- Tennessee
- Pennsylvania
- Minnesota
- Florida



For more information please visit:

https://www.ams.usda.gov/rules-regulations/farmbill-hemp

E-mail: Farmbill.Hemp@usda.gov

Phone: (888) 721-HEMP (4367)