### ITEM DESCRIPTION

110  Turkey Taco Filling (100119) – Frozen, fully-cooked turkey taco filling, produced from ready-to-cook, non-basted, turkey carcasses and parts. The commodity shall be packaged in ten 3-pound or six 5-pound packages to a net weight of 30 pounds in each fiberboard shipping container. A purchase unit shall consist of 1,300 shipping containers totaling 39,000 pounds.

### APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

210  The following documents are incorporated as part of this USDA, AMS, SSD FPPS – Turkey Taco Filling – XXXX 2021:


210.2  Poultry Products Inspection Regulations (9 CFR § 381).

210.3  Regulations Governing the Voluntary Grading of Poultry Products and Rabbit Products (7 CFR § 70) and the U.S. Classes, Standards, and Grades for Poultry (AMS 70.200 *et seq*., 9 CFR § 381.170 to 172).

210.4  AMS Master Solicitation for Commodity Procurements – Domestic Programs (MSCP-D) and Solicitation.

### CHECKLIST OF REQUIREMENTS

310  Domestic Products – Refer to the current AMS MSCP-D.

320  Food Defense – Refer to the current AMS MSCP-D.

330  Pre-bid Requirements – Each Contractor shall submit for approval a written technical proposal and product sample produced under AMS oversight to this FPPS. Submissions shall be reviewed and approved prior to solicitation offer due date for Contractor to be eligible to bid. No deviations from approved technical proposal and product sample shall be permitted after award.
330.1 Contractors with previously approved technical proposals are not required to resubmit. Any change to previously approved technical proposal and product sample (ingredient/formulation) shall be resubmitted for review and approval to SSD prior to bid.

331 Technical Proposal – The proposal shall be a written statement describing the Contractor's company and product's conformance with the FPPS requirements. The narrative shall not exceed two pages and shall contain the Contractor’s experience with producing a commercial turkey taco filling product, and past performance in producing a market acceptable product.

332 Bid Sample – The product sample shall be shipped directly to AMS SSD at no expense to the government. The product sample shall contain two 3-pound bags or one 5-pound bag and be produced in accordance with the FPPS for Turkey Taco Filing. An AMS Grader shall be present to certify the product sample during production.

332.1 In addition to a product sample, the following supporting documentation shall be provided: the LP-210P Grading Certificate, a nutrient analysis, a copy of the nutrition facts panel, ingredients statement, allergen declaration (if applicable), a copy of the CN label statement or manufacturer’s product formulation statement, and instructions for preparation of the product sample for testing.

332.2 The product sample, certificate and analysis shall be marked in a way to clearly link the specific sample product to its supporting documentation (example lot number/code).

332.3 The product sample shall be labeled with the following statement: "PRODUCT SAMPLE SUBMITTED FOR EVALUATION BY THE AMS, SSD STAFF."

333 The technical proposal and product sample shall be delivered by express service to USDA AMS SSD. Please contact Anjeanette Johnson, Anjeanette.johnson@usda.gov or 202-309-3182, for submission instructions.

334 Evaluation criteria for the technical proposal and product sample are listed in Table 4.

400 HARVESTING

410 All harvesting activities shall comply with all applicable Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) regulations and requirements, including 9 CFR § 381, and shall be done under FSIS inspection.

420 Humane Handling – All poultry shall be humanely handled in accordance with FSIS Directive 6100.3 Verification of Poultry Good Commercial Practices.

500 PROCESSING
All processing activities shall comply with all applicable FSIS regulations and requirements, including 9 CFR § 381, and shall be done under FSIS inspection.

Date Processed – The commodity shall not be processed or packaged more than 90 days prior to the first day of the delivery period for each sales order.

Lot Definition – A lot is the amount of packaged commodity produced during a processing shift.

Performance Standards – Product shall be produced under FSIS pathogen reduction standards, as specified in 9 CFR § 381.

Inspection for contract and FPPS compliance shall be in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Voluntary Grading of Poultry Products and Rabbit Products (7 CFR § 70) and the U.S. Classes, Standards, and Grades for Poultry (AMS 70.200 et seq.). The AMS Grader shall be responsible for certification of compliance with the requirements of this FPPS for chilled turkey carcasses and parts; size-reduced turkey products; ground turkey; processing, formulation, packaging, cooking of the commodity, and packing; turkey taco filling; freezing; labeling and marking; sampling; laboratory results; and net weight.

AMS Certification – USDA/AMS, LP Program’s QAD field office or the Director of the QAD, LP Program, AMS, USDA, Room 2092-S, STOP 0258, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-0258, telephone (202) 690-3147.

All steps in the manufacturing process shall be under the direct supervision of an AMS Grader and as outlined in QAD Policies and Procedures for quality and compliance with product requirements. The AMS Grader may also select samples for laboratory analyses or inspect the commodity at any point in transit and after delivery to point of destination.

Turkey Taco Meat

The commodity shall be produced from ground turkey meat (with skin attached or without skin) from ready-to-cook, non-basted, young turkey carcasses and parts (no solution or ingredients added).

Skin that is not attached to meat shall not be used in the commodity.

Neck and crop skin shall not be used in ground turkey.

Desinewing Requirements – The long bone (tibiotarsus) shall be removed from the drumsticks (with or without attached skin) prior to processing through a desinewer to remove the tendons.

Frozen meat may be used when:

produced from freshly harvested young turkeys;
532.2 packaged to protect against quality deterioration during frozen storage and identified so the time in storage and the class, kind, and specific deboned turkey product can be determined;

532.3 held not more than 180 days in frozen storage; and

532.4 product shows no evidence of thawing and refreezing or freezer deterioration. After tempering, the meat shall be used to produce the finished cooked commodity within 48 hours. The temperature of the meat shall not exceed 40 °F (4.4 °C) during the tempering process.

533 Other than the final freezing process for finished, packaged commodity, the commodity shall not be derived from turkey meat (carcasses, parts, or ground turkey) that has been frozen more than one time.

534 Turkey from Other Plants – Turkey carcasses and parts may be transferred or obtained from other plants, provided it:

534.1 has been processed, handled, and identified in accordance with this FPPS; and

534.2 complies with the non-basted, organoleptic, and other applicable requirements of this FPPS as evidenced by USDA certification. USDA certification may occur either at the plant of origin or at the receiving plant.

535 Type, class, and specific name of the product, part, boneless part, or meat; date harvested or date placed in frozen storage; and the USDA-assigned plant number shall be shown on each shipping container.

536 The chilled turkey and turkey carcasses and parts shall maintain an internal product temperature between 26 °F (-3.3 °C) and 40 °F (4.4 °C) during transit, from plant origin to destination.

540 Meat Time Requirements

541 The chilled commodity shall be processed, packaged, packed, and placed in a freezer within 7 calendar days after the date of harvest.

541.1 Within this 7-day timeframe the ground turkey shall be fabricated into the cooked commodity within 72 hours after size reduction.

542 Maximum Temperature – The temperature of the carcasses, bone-in or boneless parts, and skin shall not exceed 55 °F (12.8 °C) at any time during preparation or processing into ground turkey.

543 Cooling Requirements – Carcasses and bone-in or boneless parts which are not used in the ground turkey on a continuous basis shall be cooled by methods or media to ensure that the internal product temperature is continuously lowered to not higher than 40 °F (4.4 °C) and not lower than 26 °F (-3.3 °C).
543.1 Cooling Medium – Cooling methods and media (e.g., use of liquid carbon dioxide (CO₂), dry ice or liquid nitrogen (N₂)) may be used to maintain the temperature of meat and parts.

543.2 Water, refrigerated water, slush ice and water, or ice used to cool or maintain the temperature of meat or parts shall not be incorporated into the ground turkey. Liquid associated with normal product purge is acceptable.

544 Organoleptic Requirements and Defects for Meat and Skin

544.1 Organoleptic Requirements – Meat, boneless parts, deboned drumsticks, and parts (bone-in) shall be examined on a continuous basis for the organoleptic requirements shown in Table 1. Any product that does not comply with the organoleptic requirements will be rejected for use under this FPPS.

544.2 Meat and Skin – A sample of 30 pieces of meat, boneless parts, deboned drumsticks, and parts (bone-in) shall be examined for the defects shown in Table 1 before formulation or size reduction. The frequency of sampling and the number of defects allowed shall be those outlined in QAD’s Sample Plan Level 1. If the sample has more defects than the maximum tolerance for the sample plan, the product the sample represents shall be rejected.

544.2.1 If simultaneous size-reduction and bone removal systems are to be used, boneless parts and deboned drumsticks shall be examined for the applicable defects shown in Table 1 except for the presence of bone or bone-like material, hard tendinous material, or cartilage (gristle).

550 Processing and Formulation Requirements for Ground Turkey

551 Formulation Requirements – Ground turkey shall be formulated according to one of the following two formulas:

551.1 Meat and Skin Basis – Formula is based on deboned meat (with skin attached or without skin) or boneless parts. The maximum amount that can be used in a formula shall be specified.

551.1.1 White Meat (with skin attached or without skin) – The maximum amount of white meat that can be used in a formula is 30 percent of the total weight of the formula. The white meat may be wing meat or scapula portion. Other white meat trimmed from the frames (white frame meat) may be used. White frame meat is limited to no more than 3 percent of the total weight of the formula.

551.1.2 Dark Meat (with skin attached or without skin) – Boneless thighs or boneless and skinless thighs (not more than one-half of meat missing) or desinewed drumstick meat may be used. Dark meat trimmed from the frame (dark frame meat) may be used. Dark frame meat is limited to no more than 2 percent of the total weight of the formula.
551.2 Bone-in Basis – Formula is based on bone-in parts (with or without attached skin). The maximum amount of a specific part that can be used in a formula shall be specified. These parts are for preparation of ground turkey by mechanically removing the meat and skin directly from the parts and simultaneously reducing the size of the meat and skin (mechanical and simultaneous reduction process).

551.2.1 Drumsticks/Thighs – Drumsticks and/or thighs may be used.

551.2.2 Wings – Wings may be whole wings, the first portions, or attached first and second portions. Wing tips can only be used when they are part of a whole wing. The maximum amount of wings or wing portions that can be used in a formula is 40 percent of the total weight of the formula.

552 Skin – Skin that is attached to the chilled or frozen meat or parts may be formulated according in natural proportion only.

553 Processing and Size Reduction

553.1 Processing – The meat (with skin attached or without skin) shall be processed and blended, as applicable, and reduced in size by equipment and procedures that produce a uniform blend of meat and skin with muscle fibers and strand-like texture, and having the functional properties of ground turkey.

553.2 Size Reduction – Meat (with skin attached or without skin) for the ground turkey shall be reduced in size by one of the following procedures:

553.2.1 Ground through a plate with holes 0.125 inch (1/8 inch) (3.175 mm) in diameter;

553.2.2 Desinewed or reduced through a desinewer plate or screen with holes 0.0591 inch to 0.0787 inch (1.5 mm to 2.0 mm) in diameter or as required to ensure equivalent removal of tendons present in the meat;

553.3 Unacceptable size-reduced products:

553.3.1 Comminuted meat;

553.3.2 Any skin that is not attached to the meat;

553.3.3 Meat reduced to an emulsified or pasty consistency; or

553.3.4 Meat which developed a discoloration during size-reduction process.

553.4 Cooling Size-Reduced Turkey – Cooling methods and media (e.g., liquid CO2/dry-ice or liquid N2) may be used before, during, or after size reduction. Ice or ice water may not be used to lower the temperature of the ground product.

553.5 Temperature of Size-Reduced Turkey – Temperature of ground turkey or any size-reduced component of the product (ground, desinewed, or mechanically reduced
meat and skin) hereinafter referred to as “ground turkey/ground product” shall not exceed 55 °F (12.8 °C).

554  Organoleptic Requirements and Defects for Ground Turkey

554.1  Organoleptic Requirements – The ground turkey shall be examined on a continuous basis for the organoleptic requirements shown in Table 2. Any ground turkey that does not comply with the organoleptic requirements shall be rejected for use under this FPPS.

554.2  Defects for Ground Turkey – A 5-pound sample of ground turkey shall be examined for the defects shown in Table 2 prior to formulating into the commodity. The defect requirements shall be examined in the fresh state.

554.2.1 The examination for bone shall be made separately from the examination for other defects.

554.2.2 Regardless of the kind and number of defects (within Table 2) found, any sample containing bone and bone-like material shall be cause for rejection of the product the sample represents.

554.2.3 The frequency of sampling and the number of defects allowed shall be those outlined in QAD’s Sample Plan Level 2 (SPL-2). If the sample has more defects than the maximum tolerance for the sample plan, the product the sample represents shall be rejected.

555  Ground Turkey Rework – Ground turkey may be reworked provided:

555.1 the temperature of the ground turkey has not exceeded 55 °F (10 °C) and has been maintained at that temperature or lower,

555.2 complies with organoleptic requirements, and

555.3 is incorporated into batches of ground turkey within 12 hours.

555.4 Time and Temperature Requirements – Ground turkey which has been chilled, packaged, and maintained at a product temperature of not higher than 40 °F (4.4 °C) or lower than 26 °F (-3.3 °C) may be reworked within 72 hours from the end of the shift it was produced. When the chilled ground turkey is reworked, the temperature of the commodity shall not exceed 40 °F (4.4 °C) during tempering.

556  Freezing Ground Turkey – If the ground turkey is frozen prior to being processed into the finished commodity, the ground turkey shall be packaged and/or packed (to protect against quality deterioration), and continuously lowered to an internal temperature of 0 °F (-17.8 °C) or lower within 72 hours from the time of entering the freezer. If any sample of packaged ground turkey does not comply with the freezing requirements, the product or lot the sample represents shall be rejected for use under this FPPS.

Approved by:  RHL
Date Issued: 07/10/2017
Date Revised: XXXXXXXX
Processing Ground Turkey into Commodity

Temperature – Ground turkey that does not comply with the following temperature requirements shall be rejected for use under this FPPS:

The internal product temperature of ground turkey shall be not higher than 40 °F (4.4 °C) and not lower than 26 °F (-3.3 °C) before it is processed into the commodity and shall be determined just before it is formulated and mixed with spices and flavorings. Unless otherwise specified, chilled ground turkey shall be fabricated into the cooked commodity within 72 hours after grinding.

Frozen ground turkey may be used when:

Packaged to protect against quality deterioration during storage and identified so the time in storage can be determined;

Held not more than 60 days in frozen storage if produced from freshly harvested turkey carcasses, and parts;

The product shows no evidence of thawing and refreezing or freezer deterioration; and

The product temperature is not higher than 40 °F (4.4 °C) and not lower than 26 °F (-3.3 °C) during tempering or prior to processing into the commodity. After tempering, the ground turkey shall be used in the production of commodity within 36 hours.

Other than the final freezing process for finished, packaged commodity, the commodity shall not be derived from turkey meat (carcasses, parts, deboned meat or ground turkey) that has been frozen more than one time.

Ground Turkey from Other Plants – Ground turkey may be transferred or obtained from other plants to produce the commodity, provided it is:

Processed, handled, and identified in accordance with this FPPS and meets the temperature requirements, and

Processed from turkey carcasses and parts which comply with the non-basted, organoleptic, and other applicable requirements of this FPPS for turkey as evidenced by USDA certification.

Type, class, specific name of the product, date harvested or placed in frozen storage, and the USDA-assigned plant number shall be shown on each shipping container of ground turkey.

The chilled and/or frozen ground turkey shall be maintained at an internal product temperature not higher than 40 °F (4.4 °C) during transit, from plant origin to destination.
Commodity processing shall follow the sequence stated within this paragraph. Unless otherwise specified, ground turkey processing, turkey taco formulation, mixing, packaging then cooking or cooking then packaging (or other packaging/cooking alternative), chilling, and freezing of the commodity shall be a continuous process that complies with the time and temperature requirements of this FPPS. Formulation and mixing may be accomplished during the cooking processes.

Formulation – Proportions of ingredients required in preparing the commodities are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ground Turkey (Minimum)</td>
<td>60.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water (Maximum)</td>
<td>26.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomato Paste (Range)</td>
<td>6.00 – 10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spices/Flavorings/Other Ingredients Formulation (Range)</td>
<td>4.00 – 6.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soy Protein (Maximum percent of total formula)</td>
<td>4.00 – 6.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total 100.00

Fat content shall not exceed 11% of the finished product.

The sodium content of the cooked turkey taco filling shall be equal to or lower than 300 mg per 100 g.

“Other ingredients” may include potassium phosphate. Spices/flavorings shall be the types used in conjunction with mild turkey taco flavoring. Ingredients to be included are cumin, paprika, garlic powder, onion powder, and chili powder.

Soy protein (in a dry form, not hydrated) used in the spices/flavorings/other ingredients formulation shall not exceed 6 percent of the total formula. The contractor shall furnish the AMS Grader a statement by the manufacturer certifying the spices, flavorings, and other ingredients are in compliance with this FPPS prior to production.

Processing aids (e.g., anti-caking agents, anti-dusting agents, or other manufacturing aids) are allowed. If processing agents are used, the ingredients and amount of ingredients listed in the formulation shall remain the same. Gluten and MSG are not allowed.

Mixing – A uniform blend of ground turkey, water, and spices/flavorings shall be achieved by mechanically mixing all ingredients prior to packaging.

Cooking – Formulated raw commodity must be cooked prior to or after packaging (or other packaging/cooking alternative) in accordance with the processing sequence.
The commodity shall reach an internal temperature of at least 165 °F (73.9 °C) during cooking. Cooking methods and product temperature shall be monitored by FSIS personnel and procedures.

Reprocessing Cooked Commodity – Cooked and packaged commodity which does not meet the FPPS requirements may be reprocessed provided the:

- Product is reprocessed within 8 hours from the time of cooking;
- Temperature of the cooked commodity has been lowered to not higher than 40 °F (4.4 °C) and not lower than 26 °F (-3.3 °C) if the product is held for longer than 8 hours; and
- Commodity is incorporated into raw formulated commodity (at a maximum of 5 percent of the formulated batch), packaged, cooked, and placed in a freezer within 48 hours of packing.

Freezing – Immediately after cooking, the product shall be placed under refrigeration where the internal product temperature of the cooked packaged commodity is continuously lowered. The commodity shall be packed and placed in a freezer within 48 hours of packing. The internal temperature of the packaged and packed commodity shall be continuously lowered to 10 °F (-12.2 °C) or lower within 72 hours from the time of entering the freezer. If any sample of the commodity does not comply with the freezing requirements, the product or lot the samples represent shall not be accepted for use under this FPPS.

Metal Detection – The commodity shall be examined by a metal detection device capable of detecting metallic contaminants including, but not limited to, stainless steel shavings, metal clips, metal fragments from cutting equipment, and pieces of metal according to QAD policies and procedures.

Commodity found to be contaminated with metal shall be handled in accordance with FSIS procedures. Other procedures for the examination of the commodity shall be approved by the SSD in writing.

PACKAGING AND PACKING

The contractor shall assure that all packaging, packing, labeling, closure, marking, and palletization comply with the National Motor Freight Regulations and FSIS regulations and the requirements listed below.

Packing – Product shall be packed in ten 3-pound or six 5-pound packages with a net weight of 30 pounds.

Packaging – All packaging and packing materials shall be clean and in new condition, shall not impart objectionable odors or flavors to the commodity, shall be safe (cannot adulterate product or be injurious to health) for use in contact with food products, and shall be tamper-evident. Tamper-evident is defined as...
packaging and packing materials with one or more indicators or barriers to entry, which, if breached or missing, can reasonably be expected to provide visible evidence that tampering has occurred. All packaging material shall comply with FSIS regulations (9 CFR § 381.144(c)).

631 Plastic-film Bags – Bags for packaging and/or packing the commodity shall be a polyethylene-film bag with a wall thickness of not less than 4 mil (0.004 inch); and shall protect the commodity from dehydration, freezer burn, or quality deterioration during the conditions of use. Closures shall be heat sealed.

631.1 The bag and seal shall be of a design and structure to remain intact (sealed) and prevent leaking when the commodity is reheated (by recipient) in a boiling water bath.

640 Shipping Containers – Shipping containers shall:

640.1 Be good commercial fiberboard containers that are acceptable by common or other carrier(s) for safe transport to point of destination,

640.2 Be of such size to pack the commodity without slack filling or bulging,

640.3 Withstand the stresses of handling, shipping, stacking, and storage, and

640.4 Be closed by commercially accepted methods and materials. Steel or wire straps shall not be used for final closure.

641 Staples shall not be used for final closure of shipping containers. Adhesive or staples cannot be used to fasten the top portion of telescope-style containers to the bottom portion. Staples may be used to manufacture and to assemble the fiberboard shipping containers, provided the staples are fastened into the container and tightly clenched to eliminate sharp edges prior to packing the commodity into the shipping containers.

650 Organoleptic Requirements and Product Characteristics

651 After packaging, a package of commodity shall be sampled and examined for organoleptic requirements. If any sample does not comply with the organoleptic requirements, the product the sample represents shall be rejected for use under this FPPS.

651.1 Additionally, the commodity shall be evaluated for the product characteristics (defects) shown in Table 3. The frequency of sampling allowed shall be in accordance with those outlined in LP Program’s SPL-2. Any defects shall result in rejection of the product the sample represents.

652 Production samples shall be evaluated, reviewed, and compared to the approved pre-bid sample and supporting documents to ensure compliance with the product characteristics found in Table 3-4.
CN Labeling – CN Labeling information or a Product Formulation Statement demonstrating product contribution to the National School Lunch Program meal pattern requirements is required. For more information on the CN Labeling Program, see the section for Food Manufacturers/Industry on the FNS website:


Commercial labeling or USDA labeling shall be used. When commercial or USDA labeling is selected, the shipping containers within a purchase unit shall be labeled in that format. The Contractor shall use the same label format (either commercial or USDA) within a purchase unit.

Commercial Labeling Requirements

Commercially labeled packages and shipping containers shall be labeled in accordance with FSIS generic label approval requirements for use under this FPPS. Packages shall comply with commercial labeling requirements and must meet Section 4A52.211-4 of the MSCP-D.

Commercial labels shall be the processor's own commercial labels. Distributors' labels will not be allowed.

Traceable Product – The processor shall establish a product identification and record system that clearly links product by place and time of manufacture to specific USDA contracts and destinations. When the company uses the same commercial label for the product certified as complying with this FPPS and commercial product, the identification system shall differentiate between USDA and commercial products. An alpha numeric code may be used for information that is in addition to FSIS labeling requirements. The required product identification and record system, including codes, shall be reviewed by USDA/AMS before production begins for the contract(s).

Nutrition Facts, Ingredients and Allergen statements on shipping containers. Nutrition Facts shall be provided. The ingredient statement, even for single ingredient foods, shall be included as a statement separate from the name of the product, e.g. Ingredients: _____________. The allergen statement shall be provided in the format which complies with the Food Allergen Labeling and Consumer Protection Act (FALCPA) for any product which contains milk, eggs, fish, crustacean shellfish, tree nuts, peanuts, soy or wheat; e.g. Allergen: This product contains _______. For additional guidance refer to the Compliance Guidance at:


USDA Labeling Requirements

When USDA labeling is used, any deviation from labeling requirements in this
FPPS shall be approved by the Contracting Officer, in writing, prior to the start of production. Labeling and marking of the product shall be in accordance with this FPPS.

Labeling and marking information shall be water-fast, non-smearing, of a contrasting color, clear, and readable.

USDA Labeled Shipping Containers Requirements

Labeling and marking information shall be preprinted, stamped, or stenciled on each shipping container; or printed on a self-adhesive label and applied to each shipping container. This information, in essentially the same layout, is provided in EXHIBITS 1 and 2.

Nutrition Facts, Ingredients and Allergen statements on shipping containers. Nutrition Facts must be provided. The ingredient statement, even for single ingredient foods, must be included as a statement separate from the name of the product, e.g. Ingredients: ____________. The allergen statement must be provided in the format which complies with the Food Allergen Labeling and Consumer Protection Act (FALCPA) for any product which contains milk, eggs, fish, crustacean shellfish, tree nuts, peanuts, soy or wheat; e.g. Allergen: This product contains ______.

Universal Product Code (UPC) Bar:

The 14-digit UPC code for shipping containers of this commodity is: 1 07 15001 00119 8

The UPC code must be placed in the lower right-hand corner of the principal display panel of each shipping container.

Inventory Control Information – The processor may include any additional information (including bar codes) for processor inventory control purposes. This information may be applied somewhere on the surface of the shipping container but must not cover or conflict with the labeling requirements of this FPPS.

Use of Previously Printed USDA Labeling Materials

Carryover inventories of existing supplies of printed packing materials (USDA labeling) from the Commodity Specification for Turkey Taco Filling from the preceding year may be used. If the ingredients statement, labeling of the ingredients, or nutrition facts information or panel changes from that printed on existing supplies, the contractor/processor must request temporary approval for use of carryover inventories from FSIS.

Shipping containers or labels with incorrect: (1) plant number, (2) net weight, (3) date packed, (4) name of product, (5) ingredients statement, or (6) nutrition facts information or panel must be corrected before they are used. The incorrect information must be blocked out and the correct information legibly printed,
stamped, or stenciled in permanent ink. Additionally, the name, address, and phone number of the processor must appear on each shipping container.

760 Unacceptable Labeling:
761 Commercial labels that do not have a processor traceability system and code;
762 commercial labeling traceability coding and systems that have not been reviewed by a representative of USDA/AMS/LP/QAD;
763 distributor commercial labels;
764 two or more different commercial labels in the same purchase unit;

770 Free Along Side (FAS) Vessel Deliveries
771 FAS vessel deliveries that are not source loaded in a seavan are required to show the final destination’s overseas address as provided in the Sales Order/Item Number. The address must be clearly printed on at least two sides of each pallet.

800 FINAL EXAMINATION OF PACKAGED AND PACKED COMMODITY
810 Packaging Defects – Packages in a delivery unit shall be examined online for defects that affect protection, expose product, or permit dehydration or freezer burn; or permit quality deterioration during storage, such as tears, holes, or improperly sealed or closed packages.
820 Packing Defects – Shipping containers in a delivery unit shall be examined for condition, labeling, and marking defects according to the United States Standards for Condition of Food Containers (7 CFR § 42).
830 Tolerance for Defects – If samples of packaged commodity or the shipping containers in a delivery unit have more defects than the maximum tolerance for the applicable QAD sample plan, the delivery unit shall be rejected.
840 Net weight – Net weight for each delivery unit shall be determined at origin per QAD’s policies and procedures.
841 A delivery unit or purchase unit shall consist of (3) 10-pound or (6) 5-pound packages packed in 30 pound shipping containers, totaling 39,000 pounds net.
850 Loading and Shipping Frozen Commodity
851 Visual Inspection – Frozen cooked commodity showing any evidence of defrosting, refreezing, or freezer deterioration shall be rejected for use under this FPPS.
852 Internal Product Temperature
852.1 Frozen – Commodity shall be 2 °F (-16.7 °C) or lower at time of loading. Delivery units with internal product temperatures exceeding 2 °F (-16.7 °C) and up to 5 °F (-15 °C) shall be tentatively rejected. Tentatively rejected delivery units may be returned to the freezer and the temperature reduced to 2 °F (-16.7 °C) or lower and reoffered one time only. Delivery units exceeding 5 °F (-15 °C) or delivery units that have been tentatively rejected and exceed 2 °F (-16.7 °C) when reoffered shall be rejected for use under this FPPS.

852.2 Optional Temperature Verification – The contractor may request an alternate method utilizing product temperature-sensing devices. If this option is selected, a Federal-State Supervisor shall determine that the facilities, equipment, procedures, and the contractors’ current level of freezing compliance are in accordance with the established guidelines outlined in applicable LP Program’s instructions for this FPPS.

860 Inspection and Checkloading

861 For inspection and checkloading at time of shipping, the Contractor shall utilize either USDA Grader or Contractor Checkloading to certify. The Contractor shall notify USDA AMS QAD Supervisor prior to production. The requirements for selection are as follows:

862 USDA Grader Checkloading Requirements – Inspection for contract compliance shall be made by a USDA representative, in accordance with 7 CFR § 70, FSIS regulations, and this FPPS, at site of processing, both during and after processing and packaging. Inspection records shall be complete and made available to USDA, as requested, to assure contract compliance.

862.1 Procedures – The inspection and checkloading shall be performed by the AMS Grader. Procedures to be followed and a schedule of fees for these services may be obtained by contacting the nearest QAD field office or the Director of QAD, LP Program, AMS, USDA, 1400 Independence Avenue, Room 2092-S, STOP 0258, Washington, DC 20250-0258, telephone (202) 690-3147.

862.2 The quality, quantity, weight, packaging, packing, and checkloading of the commodity shall be evidenced by certificates issued by the AMS Grader. The contractor shall not ship the commodity unless informed by the AMS Grader that the designated commodity to be shipped meets the requirements of the AMS MSCP-D, Solicitation, and this FPPS.

863 Contractor Checkloading Requirements – Inspection for final contract compliance shall be made by the Contractor, in accordance with 7 CFR § 70, FSIS regulations, and this FPPS. The quality, quantity, weight, packaging and packing of the commodity shall be evidenced by a Certificate of Conformance that verifies the designated commodity to be shipped meets all the requirements as stated in this FPPS, MSCP-D and Solicitation.

863.1 Procedures – The contractor shall perform checkloading examinations at the time of shipment – as described in this FPPS starting at the section labeled Loading and Shipping Frozen Commodity and sections thereafter – and shall issue a corresponding Certificate of Conformance (Exhibit 4). The Contractor is required to provide an acceptance document to
accompany each shipment. Additional details are found in the AMS MSCP-D, Section 4A52.247-3 for Bill of Lading Notations.

863.2 Contractors inspection records and checkloading documentation shall be complete and maintained, including the Certificate of Conformance, and made available to USDA, as requested, to assure Contractor Checkloading compliance. Contractor checkloading activity is subject to review by USDA at the cost of the contractor.

900 PALLETTIZED UNIT LOADS

910 All products shall be stacked on new or well-maintained pallets and palletized with shrink wrap plastic, unless otherwise specified in the Solicitation. Pallet loads shall be stacked in a manner that minimizes the overhang of the shipping containers over the edges of the pallets and exposes each shipping container's principal display panel to facilitate certification examinations.

920 Size and Style of Container – Only one size and style of shipping container shall be used in any one delivery unit.

1000 SHIPMENT AND DELIVERY

1010 Shipment and Delivery, including Loading and Sealing, Delivery Notifications and Split Deliveries – Refer to the current AMS MSCP-D.

1011 In addition, the contractor shall adhere to the following provisions:

1011.1 Each shipping container shall be identified with a USDA Contract Compliance stamp with the applicable production date. An AMS Grader, or other authorized personnel under the supervision of the AMS Grader, shall stamp one end of each shipping container online. If there is inadequate space available on either end of the shipping container, the stamp may be applied to a side of the container.

1011.2 As an alternative to stamping, the contractor may preprint the stamp on the shipping container or label. Prior approval by QAD is required before using this alternative method.

1012 A copy of the Contractor’s Certificate of Conformance and Bill of Lading or the original USDA Poultry Products Grading Certificate issued at time of checkloading shall accompany each shipment.

1100 DESTINATION EXAMINATION

1110 The cost of a destination examination, before or after delivery, by an AMS Grader on accepted product will be for the account of USDA. Costs for destination examinations of rejected delivery units shall be for the account of the contractor. The origin AMS Grader shall make arrangements for destination examination prior to delivery.

1111 Commodity Requirements – Before acceptance by consignee, the commodity may...
be examined by an AMS Grader on a spot-check basis for temperature, condition, identity, and when applicable, count. The commodity may be examined for conformance to contract provisions at any time required by the Contracting Officer.

1112 Temperature – The commodity shall arrive at destination at an average internal product temperature not to exceed 10 °F (-12.2 °C) with no individual temperature exceeding 15 °F (-9.4 °C) when shipped, during transit, and when received at the destination plant. When any sample exceeds 15°F (-9.4°C) the purchase unit shall be rejected for use under this FPPS.

1200 PRODUCT ASSURANCE AND COMPLAINT RESOLUTION

1210 Product Assurance – The Contractor shall guarantee that the product complies with all FPPS requirements and provisions set forth in the FPPS, AMS MSCP-D, and Solicitation.

1211 Waiver Requests – Contractor shall submit all waiver requests directly to the Commodity Procurements Program (CPP) Contracting Officer for review and determination. Full list of CPS contacts can be found at:

https://www.ams.usda.gov/selling-food/cp-contacts

1220 Complaint Resolution – Customer complaint resolution procedures shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. These procedures shall include: a point of contact, investigation steps, and intent to cooperate with AMS, and product replacement or monetary compensation. The procedures shall be used to resolve product complaints from recipient agencies or AMS.
# Table 1. Organoleptic Requirements and Defects for Meat and Skin

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criteria</th>
<th>Defects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Organoleptic Requirements:</strong></td>
<td>Shall be free from rancidity; free of fruity, sulfide-like, cardboardy, tallowy, oily, oxidized, metallic, chlorine-like, or other off or foreign odors; free of foreign materials (e.g., glass, paper, rubber, metal, plastic, wood); shall show no evidence of mishandling or deterioration; and shall have a bright color with no evidence of dehydration or thawing and refreezing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>All Meat and Parts (With Skin Attached or Without Skin):</strong></td>
<td>A <strong>flesh bruise</strong> on meat or on a part that exceeds an area equivalent to the area of a circle with a diameter of 0.75 inch (1.91 cm).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Large <strong>blood clots</strong> on the meat or on a part that exceed an area equivalent to the area of a circle with a diameter of 0.25 inch (0.64 cm).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Skin</strong> that is not attached to the meat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A defect for <strong>discolorations</strong> in the meat or skin is when the area of all discolorations, that are moderate in intensity, exceeds an area equivalent to the area of a circle with a diameter of 1.50 inch (3.81 cm).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bone-In Parts (With Skin Attached or Without Skin):</strong></td>
<td>More than one-third of the <strong>meat</strong> is missing on a bone-in part.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Boneless Drumstick Meat (With Skin Attached or Without Skin):</strong></td>
<td>Bone or bone-like material, except that the knuckle bone (patella) may be present.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other Boneless Meat (With Skin Attached or Without Skin):</strong></td>
<td>Bone or bone-like material, hard tendon or tendonous material, or cartilage (gristle).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A <strong>boneless thigh</strong> with more than one-half of the meat missing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 2. Organoleptic Requirements and Defects for Ground Turkey

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organoleptic Requirements:</th>
<th>Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Shall have: (1) muscle fibers and a strand-like texture and (2) a uniform light and bright color with no discolorations or dehydration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Shall not have: (1) the texture of comminuted meat and skin, (2) a gritty texture, or (3) an emulsified or pasty consistency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Shall be free of: (1) rancidity; (2) sour, stale, fruity, sulfide-like, cardboardy, tallowy, oily, oxidized, metallic, acidic, or other off or foreign odors; and (3) foreign materials (e.g., glass, paper, rubber, metal, plastic, wood).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bone:</td>
<td>Defects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bone or bone-like material.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
<td>Tendons, cartilage (gristle), and tendinous or ligamentous material that exceeds 0.50 inch (1.27 cm) in any dimension.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3. Organoleptic Requirements and Product Characteristics for Cooked Commodity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organoleptic Requirements:</th>
<th>Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Examined after packaging</td>
<td>The commodity shall be free of: (a) rancidity; (b) metallic, overcooked, burnt, scorched, bitter, oxidized, stale, fruity, beany, oily, soapy, or other flavors or odors foreign to properly prepared and cooked turkey taco filling; and (c) foreign materials (e.g., glass, paper, rubber, plastic, metal).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product Characteristics:</td>
<td>Shall have the: texture, appearance, color, and flavor of properly prepared cooked turkey taco filling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examined after packaging</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 4. Evaluation Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Conformance with the FPPS requirements</td>
<td>Evaluation of contractor’s statement about its company and product’s conformance with the FPPS requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Past performance and experience</td>
<td>Evaluation of contractor’s narrative on its company’s experience with producing a turkey taco filling commercial product, and that product’s past performance (acceptability in the marketplace).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product Sample</td>
<td>Evaluation of the product sample in accordance with the product characteristics below:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product Characteristics: Examined after packaging</td>
<td>Must have the: texture, appearance, color, and flavor of properly prepared cooked turkey taco filling (i.e., similar to cooked ground beef in taco seasoned sauce).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texture</td>
<td>Must have: moist, crumbled appearance and mouth feel, and be slightly firm, yet easy to chew.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Must have: distinct crumbled particles that do not stick/clump together, remain in large masses (retain package shape), or require that the commodity be physically separated with a fork or other utensil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Must have: the color typical of similarly formulated and cooked meat products, not burnt, scorched, or under cooked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flavor</td>
<td>Must have: a mild turkey taco-seasoned flavor that is not hot or spicy, not salty, not greasy, and mild tomato flavor.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Marking Information: Shipping containers may be marked substantially as shown below. Detailed USDA labeling information is provided in EXHIBIT 2. Markings shall be preprinted, stamped, stenciled on containers, or printed on a separate self-adhesive label and applied to containers. The USDA symbol (EXHIBIT 3), is to be a minimum of 2.25 inches (5.72 cm) in height and may be printed on the “TOP PANEL” or principal display panel. The processor’s name, address, and phone number shall be printed on the “TOP PANEL” or principal display panel. The processor’s name and address shall indicate the individual processing plant, the company headquarters, or the company address and phone number that handles product complaints.
EXHIBIT 2
USDA Label Information for Turkey Taco Filling

Marking Information: USDA labeling information shall be printed on the principal display panel of each shipping container as provided in EXHIBIT 1. Markings shall be preprinted, stamped, stenciled on containers, or printed on a separate self-adhesive label and applied to containers. The UPC 14-digit 2/5 code and symbol, shall be shown in the lower right-hand corner of the principal display panel. The USDA symbol (EXHIBIT 3), shall be a minimum of 2.25 inches (5.72 cm) in height and may be printed on the “TOP PANEL” or principal display panel. The processor’s name, address, and phone number shall be printed on the “TOP PANEL” or principal display panel. The processor’s name and address shall indicate the individual processing plant, the company headquarters, or the company address and phone number that handles product complaints.

FROZEN COOKED
TURKEY TACO FILLING

Ingredients:
(Food Allergen Statement, if applicable
May Be Placed Here)

Processor’s Name, Nutrition Facts Label
Address, and Phone Number Shall Be Placed Here

KEEP FROZEN

__ Bags Net Weight DATE PACKED Month, Day, and Year
30 LBS. (13.61 KG)

UPC Code and Symbol

Approved by: RHL
Date Issued: 07/10/2017
Date Revised: XXXXXXXX
CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE FOR
THE PROCUREMENT OF TURKEY TACO FILLING PRODUCT

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

I certify the following:

(1) On [delivery date(s)], [Contractor’s name] furnished the (insert the appropriate commodity description) called for by Purchase Order Number ______________via [Carrier] under Sales Order Number/Item number(s) ______:

(2) The (insert the appropriate material name) is of the quality specified and conforms in all respects with the purchase order requirements, including the FPPS, Master Solicitation for Commodity Procurement – Domestic Programs (MSCP-D), and Solicitation.

(3) Product identification, (i.e. production lot number(s)) is in the quantity shown on the attached acceptance document.

(4) Contractor assures all meat used in fulfilling this contract was produced in the United States as defined in the AMS MSCP-D.

Date: ________________________________
Signature: ____________________________________________
(Signed by an officer or representative authorized to sign offers)
Title: __________________________________________________

Approved by:   RHL
Date Issued: 07/10/2017
Date Revised: XXXXXXX