PROGRAM SPECIFICATION (FPPS) FOR CONSUMER PACK
CHICKENS, FROZEN

100 ITEM DESCRIPTION

110 Consumer Pack Whole Chicken (100880) – Frozen U.S. Grade A ready-to-cook broiler/fryer chickens, with neck and giblets or without neck and giblets. Individual chickens shall weigh 3.0 to 5.5 pounds per carcass without neck and giblets. The commodity shall be commercially labeled and packed in individual plastic-film bags with necks and giblets or without neck and giblets and packed 10-12 chickens per fiberboard container. A purchase unit shall total 39,600 pounds.

120 Consumer Pack Split Chicken Breast (110154) – Individually frozen U.S. Grade A Split Chicken Breast. The Split Chicken Breast shall be produced from ready-to-cook broiler/fryer chicken weighing between 3.0 to 5.5 pounds without neck and giblets. The commodity shall be packaged 5.0 pounds per re-sealable (Ziploc-style) commercially labeled bag. A purchase unit shall total 39,000 pounds.

130 Consumer Pack Boneless Skinless Chicken Breast (XXXXXX) – Individually frozen U.S. Grade A Boneless Chicken Breast. The Boneless Skinless Chicken Breast shall be produced from ready-to-cook broiler/fryer chicken weighing between 3.0 to 5.5 pounds without neck and giblets. The commodity shall be packaged in ten 3-pound or six 5-pound re-sealable (Ziploc-style) commercially labeled bag. A purchase unit shall total 39,000 pounds.

200 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

210 The following documents are incorporated as part of this USDA, AMS, FSCS Division FPPS – Consumer Pack Chickens, Frozen – June 2017:

210.1 AMS/LPS/Quality Assessment Division (QAD) Policies and Procedures.

210.2 Poultry Products Inspection Regulations (9 CFR § 381).

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210.3 Regulations Governing the Voluntary Grading of Poultry Products and Rabbit Products (7 CFR § 70) and the U.S. Classes, Standards, and Grades for Poultry (AMS 70.200 et seq., 9 CFR § 381.170 to 172).

210.4 AMS Master Solicitation for Commodity Procurements and Solicitation.

300 CHECKLIST OF REQUIREMENTS

310 Domestic Products – Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements.

320 Food Defense – Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements.

400 HARVESTING

410 All harvesting activities shall comply with all applicable Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) regulations and requirements, including 9 CFR § 381, and shall be done under FSIS inspection.

420 Humane Handling – All poultry shall be humanely handled in accordance with FSIS Directive 6100.3.

500 PROCESSING

510 All processing activities shall comply with all applicable FSIS regulations and requirements, including 9 CFR § 381, and shall be done under FSIS inspection.

520 Performance Standards – Product shall be produced under FSIS pathogen reduction standards, as specified in 9 CFR § 381.

530 The commodity shall not be processed or packaged more than 60 days prior to the first day of the delivery period.

540 Inspection for contract and FPPS compliance shall be in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Voluntary Grading of Poultry Products and Rabbit Products (7 CFR § 70) and the U.S. Classes, Standards, and Grades for Poultry (AMS 70.200 et seq.). The AMS Grader shall be responsible for certification of compliance with the requirements of this FPPS for whole chickens; split chicken breasts; boneless, skinless chicken breasts; freezing; packaging and packing; labeling and marking; net weight; sampling; and checkloading.

541 AMS Certification – USDA/AMS, LPS Program’s QAD field office or the Director of QAD, LPS Program, AMS, USDA, Room 3953-S, STOP 0258, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-0258, telephone (202) 720-3271.

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All steps in the manufacturing process shall be under the direct supervision of AMS Grader and as outlined in QAD Policies and Procedures. Quality and compliance with product requirements shall be determined in accordance with QAD policies and procedures. The AMS Grader may also select samples for laboratory analyses or inspect the commodity at any point in transit and after delivery to point of destination.

Lot Definition – A lot is the amount of packaged commodity produced during a processing shift.

Chicken from Other Plants – Chilled chicken and chicken parts may be transferred or obtained from other processing plants provided it:

1. Has been processed, handled, and identified in accordance with this FPPS, and
2. Complies with the freshly harvested, organoleptic, temperature, and other applicable requirements of this FPPS as evidenced by USDA certification.

Type, class and specific name of the product, or grade; date harvested as applicable; and the USDA-assigned plant number shall be shown on each shipping container.

The chilled chicken and chicken parts shall be at an internal product temperature not higher than 40 °F (4.4 °C) and not lower than 26 °F (-3.3 °C) when shipped from the origin plant, during transit and when received at the destination plant.

Meat Time Requirements

Consumer Pack Whole Chicken (100880) – The chilled commodity shall be processed, packaged, packed, and placed in a freezer within 7 calendar days after the date of harvest.

Consumer Pack Whole Chicken (100880) – Within this 7- day timeframe, the commodity shall be placed in a freezer within 48 hours of packaging or packing. If the chilled commodity is not placed in a freezer immediately after packaging or packing, the commodity shall be held at a temperature not higher than 36 °F (2.2 °C) and not lower than 26 °F (-3.3 °C). The packaged and packed commodity shall be frozen (internal product temperature lowered to 0 °F (-17.8 °C) or lower within 72 hours from the time of entering the freezer. When packaged or packed commodity is held at a temperature below 26 °F (-3.3 °C), the commodity shall be considered to be in a freezer and subject to the 72-hour freezing requirement which begins at the end of the shift the commodity enters the 26 °F (-3.3 °C) or lower facility.

Organoleptic Requirements – The chilled ready-to-cook chicken and chicken parts shall be examined on a continuous basis for the following organoleptic requirements: chilled chicken and chicken parts shall be free of rancidity; free of fruity, sulfide-like, cardboardy, tallowy, oily, metallic, chlorine-like, or other foreign and off-odors; free of foreign materials (e.g., glass, paper, rubber, plastic, wood,
metal); shall show no evidence of mishandling or deterioration; and shall have a
bright color and show no evidence of dehydration or freezing and thawing.

580 Weight Requirements

581 Carcasses shall be examined for compliance prior to packaging with the individual
weight requirements. A sample of 10 carcasses shall be randomly drawn and
weighed.

582 The frequency of sampling shall be according to LPS Program’s SPL-2.

590 Freezing

591 Tare Weight for Ice Glazed Split Breast (110154) and Boneless Skinless Breast
(XXXXXX) – When ice glazing methods are used for the Individually Frozen (IF)
product, the AMS Grader shall randomly weigh 10 parts according to established
LPS Program procedures for determining tare weight for ice glazed products. Both
unglazed and glazed parts shall be weighed to determine the tare weight.

592 Consumer Pack Whole Chicken (100880) – The packaged or packed commodity
shall be frozen (internal product temperature lowered to 0 °F (-17.8 °C) or lower
within 72 hours from the time of entering the freezer).

593 Consumer Pack Split Chicken Breast (110154) and Boneless Skinless Breast
(XXXXXX) Individual Freezing – The chilled parts for IF cut-up commodity shall be
individually frozen in an in-line freezing system so the individual parts do not stick
together after they are packaged and packed in shipping containers. NOTE: Ice
glazing methods are permitted. The determination of commodity for 72-hour
freezing verification shall be made as the commodity exits the in-line freezing
system as follows:

593.1 Individually frozen commodity exiting an in-line freezing system with internal product
temperatures higher than 0 °F (-17.8 °C) shall be packaged and placed in a freezer.
The internal product temperature shall be lowered to 0 °F
(-17.8 °C) or lower within 72 hours from the time the commodity enters the freezer.

593.2 Individually frozen commodity exiting an in-line freezing system with internal product
temperatures 0 °F (-17.8 °C) or lower is in compliance with the 72-hour freezing
requirement.

600 PACKAGING AND PACKING

610 The contractor shall assure that all packaging, packing, labeling, closure, marking,
and palletization comply with the National Motor Freight Regulations and FSIS
regulations and the requirements listed below.

620 Packaging – All packaging and packing materials shall be clean and in new
condition, shall not impart objectionable odors or flavors to the commodity, shall be
safe for use in contact with food products (cannot adulterate product or be injurious to health), and shall be tamper-evident. Tamper-evident is defined as packaging and packing materials with one or more indicators or barriers to entry, which, if breached or missing, can reasonably be expected to provide visible evidence that tampering has occurred. All packaging material shall comply with FSIS regulations (9 CFR § 381.144(c)).

621 Consumer Pack Whole Chicken (100880) – The commodity shall be packaged by using one of the following options:

621.1 Option 1 – The commodity may be individually packaged in commercially acceptable plastic-film bags. A drip pad, or single sheet of similarly constructed material, must be placed under the commodity to absorb purge. Each bag must snugly adhere to the commodity and be sealed to enclose the commodity and prevent leaking; or

621.2 Option 2 – The commodity may be vacuum packaged using commercial practices to prevent leaking and purge. The bag used for this method must be designed specifically to be used without a drip pad.

622 Consumer Pack Split Chicken Breast (110154) and Boneless Skinless Breast (XXXXXX) – The commodity shall be packaged in commercially acceptable plastic-film bags, consumer-labeled, and re-sealable (Ziploc-style).

630 Shipping Containers – Shipping containers shall:

630.1 Be good commercial fiberboard containers that are acceptable by common or other carrier(s) for safe transport to point of destination,

630.2 Be of such size to pack the commodity without slack filling or bulging,

630.3 Withstand the stresses of handling, shipping, stacking, and storage, and

630.4 Be closed by commercially accepted methods and materials. Steel or wire straps shall not be used for final closure.

631 Staples shall not be used for final closure of shipping containers. Adhesive or staples cannot be used to fasten the top portion of telescope-style containers to the bottom portion. Staples may be used to manufacture and to assemble the fiberboard shipping containers, provided the staples are fastened into the container and tightly clenched to eliminate sharp edges prior to packing the commodity into the shipping containers.

640 Packing

641 Consumer Pack Whole Chicken (100880) – 10-12 packages of commodity shall be packed in a fiberboard shipping container.

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Consumer Pack Split Chicken Breast (110154) – Six 5-pound packages of commodity shall be packed in a fiberboard shipping container.

Consumer Pack Boneless Skinless Chicken Breast (XXXXX) – Ten 3-pound or six 5-pound packages of commodity shall be packed in a fiberboard shipping container.

LABELING

Commercial Labeling Shall Be Used – The contractor shall use the same label commercial format within a purchase unit. Both the packages and shipping containers within a purchase unit shall be labeled in that format.

USDA Grademark

U.S. Grade A shall appear on each package and shipping container of commodity.

Commercial Labeling Requirements

Commercially labeled packages and shipping containers shall be labeled in accordance with FSIS requirements. Labeling shall be approved by FSIS prior to acceptance for use under this FPPS.

Commercial labels shall be the processor’s own commercial label.

Traceable Product – The processor shall establish a product identification and record system that clearly links product by place and time of manufacture to specific USDA contracts and destinations. When the company uses the same commercial label for the product certified as complying with this FPPS and commercial product, the identification system shall differentiate between USDA and non-USDA products. An alpha numeric code may be used for information that is in addition to FSIS labeling requirements. The required product identification and record system, including codes, shall be reviewed by USDA/AMS before production begins for the contract(s).

Nutrition Facts, Ingredients and Allergen Statements on Shipping Containers Nutrition Facts shall be provided. The ingredient statement, even for single ingredient foods, shall be included as a statement separate from the name of the product, e.g. Ingredients: _____________. The allergen statement shall be provided in the format which complies with the Food Allergen Labeling and Consumer Protection Act (FALCPA), and 9 CFR § 317.2(b), 9 CFR 381.116(a) for any product which contains milk, eggs, fish, crustacean shellfish, tree nuts, peanuts, soy or wheat; e.g. Allergen: This product contains ______. For additional guidance refer to the Compliance Guidance at:

http://www.fsis.usda.gov/wps/wcm/connect/f9cbb0e9-6b4d-4132-ae27-53e0b52e840e/Allergens-Ingredient.pdf?MOD=AJPERES

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Unacceptable Labeling

Commercial labels that do not have a processor traceability system and code.

Commercial labeling traceability coding and systems that have not been reviewed by a representative of LPS Program, QAD.

Distributor Commercial Labels

Two or more different commercial labels in the same purchase unit.

Free Along Side (FAS) Vessel Deliveries

FAS vessel deliveries that are not source loaded in a refrigerated seavan are required to show the final destination’s overseas address as provided in the Sales Order/Item Number. The address shall be clearly printed on at least two sides of each pallet.

FINAL EXAMINATION OF PACKAGED AND PACKED COMMODITY

Packaging Defects – Packages in a delivery unit shall be examined for defects that affect protection, expose product, or permit dehydration or freezer burn, or quality deterioration during storage, such as tears, holes, or improperly sealed or closed packages.

Packing Defects – Shipping containers in a delivery unit shall be examined for condition, labeling, and marking defects according to the United States Standards for Condition of Food Containers.

Purchase or Delivery Unit

Consumer Pack Whole Chicken (100880) – Commodity shall total 39,600 pounds. A weight variation of minus 1 percent (39,204 pounds) is permitted on each delivery unit. USDA will pay only for the amount of commodity delivered within the required weight range.

Consumer Pack Split Chicken Breast (110154) – Commodity shall total 39,000 pounds.

Consumer Pack Boneless Skinless Chicken Breast (XXXXXX) – Commodity shall total 39,000 pounds.

Each delivery unit shall be examined for compliance with the net weight requirements at time of checkloading.
As an alternative to test weighing at time of checkloading, the contractor may request on-line verification of net weights. Upon receiving the request, a Federal-State supervisor (or his/her designee) shall determine that the facilities and procedures are in accordance with the applicable LPS Program’s instructions for this FPPS.

Loading and Shipping Frozen Commodity

Internal Product Temperature

Commodity shall be 2 °F (-16.7 °C) or lower at the time of loading. Delivery units with internal product temperatures exceeding 2 °F (-16.7 °C) and up to 5 °F (-15 °C) shall be tentatively rejected. Tentatively rejected delivery units may be returned to the freezer and the temperature reduced to 2 °F (-16.7°C) or lower and reoffered one time only. Delivery units exceeding 5 °F (-15 °C) or delivery units that have been tentatively rejected and exceed 2 °F (-16.7 °C) when reoffered shall be rejected for use under this FPPS.

Optional Temperature Verification – The contractor may request an alternate method utilizing product temperature-sensing devices. If this option is selected, a Federal-State Supervisor shall determine that the facilities, equipment, procedures, and the contractors’ current level of freezing compliance are in accordance with the established guidelines outlined in the applicable USDA, AMS, LPS Program’s instructions for this FPPS.

Inspection and Checkloading

Requirements – Inspection for contract compliance shall be made by a USDA representative, in accordance with 7 CFR § 70, FSIS regulatory requirements, and this FPPS at the site of processing, both during and after processing and packaging. Inspection records shall be complete and made available to USDA, as requested, to assure contract compliance.

Procedures – The inspection and checkloading shall be performed by an AMS Grader. Procedures to be followed and a schedule of fees for these services may be obtained by contacting the nearest QAD field office or the Director of QAD, LPS Program, AMS, USDA, Room 3953-S, STOP 0258, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, D.C. 20250-0258, telephone (202) 690-3147. The quality, quantity, weight, packaging, packing, and checkloading of the commodity shall be evidenced by certificates issued by the AMS Grader. The contractor shall not ship the commodity unless informed by the AMS Grader that the designated commodity to be shipped meets the requirements of the AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements, Solicitation, and this FPPS.

PALLETED UNIT LOADS

All products shall be stacked on new or well-maintained pallets and palletized with shrink wrap plastic, unless otherwise specified in the Solicitation. Pallet loads shall
be stacked in a manner that minimizes the overhang of the shipping containers over the edges of the pallets and exposes each shipping container’s principal display panel to facilitate certification examinations.

920  Size and Style of Container – Only one size and style of shipping container shall be used in any one delivery unit.

1000  SHIPMENT AND DELIVERY

1010  Shipment and Delivery – Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements.

1011  In addition, the contractor shall adhere to the following provisions:

1011.1  Each shipping container shall be identified with a USDA Contract Compliance stamp with the applicable certificate number. An AMS Grader or other authorized personnel under the supervision of the AMS Grader shall stamp one end of each shipping container prior to shipment. If there is inadequate space available on either end of the shipping container, the stamp may be applied to a side of the container.

1012  A copy of the original USDA Poultry Products Grading Certificate issued at time of checkloading shall accompany each shipment.

1012.1  Railcar or Piggyback – If shipment is by rail or piggyback, the certificate shall be placed in the railcar or trailer for easy access to the Grader, warehouseman, or consignee, as applicable.

1012.2  Trucks – If shipment is by truck, the driver shall, upon delivery, give the certificate to the AMS Grader, warehouseman, or consignee, as applicable.

1020  Loading and Sealing of Vehicles

1021  Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements.

1030  Delivery Notification

1031  Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements.

1040  Split Deliveries

1041  Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements.

1100  DESTINATION EXAMINATION

1110  The cost of a destination examination, before or after delivery, by an AMS Grader on accepted product shall be for the account of USDA. Costs for destination examinations of rejected delivery units shall be for the account of the contractor. The origin AMS Grader shall make arrangements for destination examination prior to delivery.
Commodity Requirements – Before acceptance by consignee, the commodity may be examined by an AMS Grader on a spot-check basis for temperature, condition, identity, and when applicable, count. The commodity may be examined for conformance to contract provisions at any time required by the Contracting Officer.

Temperature – The commodity shall arrive at destination at an average internal product temperature not to exceed 10 °F (-12.2 °C) with no individual temperature exceeding 15 °F (-9.4 °C).

PRODUCT ASSURANCE AND COMPLAINT RESOLUTION

Product Assurance – The Contractor shall guarantee that the product complies with all FPPS requirements and provisions set forth in the AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements and Solicitation.

Waiver Requests – Contractor shall submit all waiver requests directly to the Commodity Procurements Staff (CPS) Contracting Officer for review and determination. Full list of CPS contacts can be found at: https://www.ams.usda.gov/sites/default/files/media/AMS%20Commodity%20Procurement%20Staff%20Contact%20List.pdf

Complaint Resolution – Customer complaint resolution procedures shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. These procedures shall include: a point of contact, investigation steps, and intent to cooperate with AMS, and product replacement or monetary compensation. The procedures shall be used to resolve product complaints from recipient agencies or AMS.