§ 1000.53 Announcement of class prices, component prices, and advanced pricing factors.

(a) On or before the 5th day of the month, the market administrator for each Federal milk marketing order shall announce the following prices (as applicable to that order) for the preceding month:

1. The Class II price;
2. The Class II butterfat price;
3. The Class III price;
4. The Class III skim milk price;
5. The Class IV price;
6. The Class IV skim milk price;
7. The butterfat price;
8. The nonfat solids price;
9. The protein price;
10. The other solids price; and
11. The somatic cell adjustment rate.

(b) On or before the 23rd day of the month, the market administrator for each Federal milk marketing order shall announce the following prices and pricing factors for the following month:

1. The Class I price;
2. The Class I skim milk price;
3. The Class I butterfat price;
4. The Class II skim milk price;
5. The Class II nonfat solids price; and
6. The advanced pricing factors described in § 1000.50(q).

§ 1000.54 Equivalent price.

If for any reason a price or pricing constituent required for computing the prices described in § 1000.50 is not available, the market administrator shall use a price or pricing constituent determined by the Deputy Administrator, Dairy Programs, Agricultural Marketing Service, to be equivalent to the price or pricing constituent that is required.

Subpart H—Payments for Milk

§ 1000.70 Producer-settlement fund.

The market administrator shall establish and maintain a separate fund known as the producer-settlement fund into which the market administrator shall deposit all payments made by handlers pursuant to §§ ----.71, ----.76, and ----.77 of each Federal milk order and out of which the market administrator shall make all payments pursuant to §§ ----.72 and ----.77 of each Federal milk order. Payments due any handler shall be offset by any payments due from that handler.
§ 1000.76 Payments by a handler operating a partially regulated distributing plant.

On or before the 25th day after the end of the month (except as provided in § 1000.90), the operator of a partially regulated distributing plant, other than a plant that is subject to marketwide pooling of producer returns under a State government’s milk classification and pricing program, shall pay to the market administrator for the producer-settlement fund the amount computed pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section or, if the handler submits the information specified in §§ ----.30(b) and ----.31(b) of the order, the handler may elect to pay the amount computed pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section. A partially regulated distributing plant that is subject to marketwide pooling of producer returns under a State government’s milk classification and pricing program shall pay the amount computed pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section.

(a) The payment under this paragraph shall be an amount resulting from the following computations:

(1) From the plant’s route disposition in the marketing area:

(i) Subtract receipts of fluid milk products classified as Class I milk from pool plants, plants fully regulated under other Federal orders, and handlers described in § 1000.9(c) and § 1135.11 of this chapter, except those receipts subtracted under a similar provision of another Federal milk order;

(ii) Subtract receipts of fluid milk products from another nonpool plant that is not a plant fully regulated under another Federal order to the extent that an equivalent amount of fluid milk products disposed of to the nonpool plant by handlers fully regulated under any Federal order is classified and priced as Class I milk and is not used as an offset for any payment obligation under any order; and

(iii) Subtract the pounds of reconstituted milk made from nonfluid milk products which are disposed of as route disposition in the marketing area;

(2) For orders with multiple component pricing, compute a Class I differential price by subtracting Class III price from the current month’s Class I price. Multiply the pounds remaining after the computation in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section by the amount by which the Class I differential price exceeds the producer price differential, both prices to be applicable at the location of the partially regulated distributing plant except that neither the
adjusted Class I differential price nor the adjusted producer price
differential shall be less than zero;

(3) For orders with skim milk and butterfat pricing, multiply
the remaining pounds by the amount by which the Class I price exceeds
the uniform price, both prices to be applicable at the location of
the partially regulated distributing plant except that neither the
adjusted Class I price nor the adjusted uniform price differential
shall be less than the lowest announced class price; and

(4) Unless the payment option described in paragraph (d) is
selected, add the amount obtained from multiplying the pounds of
labeled reconstituted milk included in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this
section by any positive difference between the Class I price
applicable at the location of the partially regulated distributing
plant (less $1.00 if the reconstituted milk is labeled as such) and
the Class IV price.

(b) The payment under this paragraph shall be the amount
resulting from the following computations:

(1) Determine the value that would have been computed pursuant
to § 1000.60 of the order for the partially regulated distributing
plant if the plant had been a pool plant, subject to the following
modifications:

(i) Fluid milk products and bulk fluid cream products received
at the plant from a pool plant, a plant fully regulated under another
Federal order, and handlers described in § 1000.9(c) and § 1135.11 of
this chapter shall be allocated at the partially regulated
distributing plant to the same class in which such products were
classified at the fully regulated plant;

(ii) Fluid milk products and bulk fluid cream products
transferred from the partially regulated distributing plant to a pool
plant or a plant fully regulated under another Federal order shall be
classified at the partially regulated distributing plant in the class
to which allocated at the fully regulated plant. Such transfers
shall be allocated to the extent possible to those receipts at the
partially regulated distributing plant from the pool plant and plants
fully regulated under other Federal orders that are classified in the
corresponding class pursuant to paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section.
Any such transfers remaining after the above allocation which are in
Class I and for which a value is computed pursuant to § 1000.60 of
the order for the partially regulated distributing plant shall be
priced at the statistical uniform price or uniform price, whichever
is applicable, of the respective order regulating the handling of
milk at the receiving plant, with such statistical uniform price or uniform price adjusted to the location of the nonpool plant (but not to be less than the lowest announced class price of the respective order); and

(iii) If the operator of the partially regulated distributing plant so requests, the handler’s value of milk determined pursuant to §----.60 of the order shall include a value of milk determined for each nonpool plant that is not a plant fully regulated under another Federal order which serves as a supply plant for the partially regulated distributing plant by making shipments to the partially regulated distributing plant during the month equivalent to the requirements of §----.7(c) of the order subject to the following conditions:

(A) The operator of the partially regulated distributing plant submits with its reports filed pursuant to §§----.30(b) and ----.31(b) of the order similar reports for each such nonpool supply plant;

(B) The operator of the nonpool plant maintains books and records showing the utilization of all skim milk and butterfat received at the plant which are made available if requested by the market administrator for verification purposes; and

(C) The value of milk determined pursuant to §----.60 for the unregulated supply plant shall be determined in the same manner prescribed for computing the obligation of the partially regulated distributing plant; and

(2) From the partially regulated distributing plant’s value of milk computed pursuant to paragraph (b)(1) of this section, subtract:

(i) The gross payments that were made for milk that would have been producer milk had the plant been fully regulated;

(ii) If paragraph (b)(1)(iii) of this section applies, the gross payments by the operator of the nonpool supply plant for milk received at the plant during the month that would have been producer milk if the plant had been fully regulated; and

(iii) The payments by the operator of the partially regulated distributing plant to the producer-settlement fund of another Federal order under which the plant is also a partially regulated distributing plant and, if paragraph (b)(1)(iii) of this section applies, payments made by the operator of the nonpool supply plant to the producer-settlement fund of any order.

(c) The operator of a partially regulated distributing plant that is subject to marketwide pooling of returns under a milk
classification and pricing program that is imposed under the authority of a State government shall pay on or before the 25th day after the end of the month (except as provided in § 1000.90) to the market administrator for the producer-settlement fund an amount computed as follows: After completing the computations described in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section, determine the value of the remaining pounds of fluid milk products disposed of as route disposition in the marketing area by multiplying the hundredweight of such pounds by the amount, if greater than zero, that remains after subtracting the State program’s class prices applicable to such products at the plant’s location from the Federal order Class I price applicable at the location of the plant.

(d) Any handler may elect partially regulated distributing plant status for any plant with respect to receipts of nonfluid milk ingredients that are reconstituted for fluid use. Payments may be made to the producer-settlement fund of the order regulating the producer milk used to produce the nonfluid milk ingredients at the positive difference between the Class I price applicable under the other order at the location of the plant where the nonfluid milk ingredients were processed and the Class IV price. This payment option shall apply only if a majority of the total milk received at the plant that processed the nonfluid milk ingredients is regulated under one or more Federal orders and payment may only be made to the producer-settlement fund of the order pricing a plurality of the milk used to produce the nonfluid milk ingredients. This payment option shall not apply if the source of the nonfluid ingredients used in reconstituted fluid milk products cannot be determined by the market administrator.

§ 1000.77 Adjustment of accounts.
Whenever audit by the market administrator of any handler’s reports, books, records, or accounts, or other verification discloses errors resulting in money due the market administrator from a handler, or due a handler from the market administrator, or due a producer or cooperative association from a handler, the market administrator shall promptly notify such handler of any amount so due and payment thereof shall be made on or before the next date for making payments as set forth in the provisions under which the error(s) occurred.

§ 1000.78 Charges on overdue accounts.
Any unpaid obligation due the market administrator, producers, or cooperative associations from a handler pursuant to the provisions of the order shall be increased 1.0 percent each month beginning with the day following the date such obligation was due under the order. Any remaining amount due shall be increased at the same rate on the corresponding day of each succeeding month until paid. The amounts payable pursuant to this section shall be computed monthly on each unpaid obligation and shall include any unpaid charges previously computed pursuant to this section. The late charges shall accrue to the administrative assessment fund. For the purpose of this section, any obligation that was determined at a date later than prescribed by the order because of a handler's failure to submit a report to the market administrator when due shall be considered to have been payable by the date it would have been due if the report had been filed when due.

Subpart I--Administrative Assessment and Marketing Service Deduction

§ 1000.85 Assessment for order administration.

On or before the payment receipt date specified under § ---.71 of each Federal milk order each handler shall pay to the market administrator its pro rata share of the expense of administration of the order at a rate specified by the market administrator that is no more than 5 cents per hundredweight with respect to:

(a) Receipts of producer milk (including the handler’s own production) other than such receipts by a handler described in § 1000.9(c) that were delivered to pool plants of other handlers;

(b) Receipts from a handler described in § 1000.9(c);

(c) Receipts of concentrated fluid milk products from unregulated supply plants and receipts of nonfluid milk products assigned to Class I use pursuant to § 1000.44(a)(3) and (8) and the corresponding steps of § 1000.44(b), except other source milk that is excluded from the computations pursuant to § ----.60(d) and (e) of Parts 1005, 1006, and 1007 of this chapter or § ----.60(h) and (i) of Parts 1001, 1030, 1032, 1033, 1124, 1126, 1131, and 1135 of this chapter; and

(d) Route disposition in the marketing area from a partially regulated distributing plant that exceeds the skim milk and butterfat subtracted pursuant to § 1000.76(a)(1)(i)and (ii).

§ 1000.86 Deduction for marketing services.
(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, each handler in making payments to producers for milk (other than milk of such handler’s own production) pursuant to § ----.73 of each Federal milk order shall deduct an amount specified by the market administrator that is no more than 7 cents per hundredweight and shall pay the amount deducted to the market administrator not later than the payment receipt date specified under § ----.71 of each Federal milk order. The money shall be used by the market administrator to verify or establish weights, samples and tests of producer milk and provide market information for producers who are not receiving such services from a cooperative association. The services shall be performed in whole or in part by the market administrator or an agent engaged by and responsible to the market administrator.

(b) In the case of producers for whom the market administrator has determined that a cooperative association is actually performing the services set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, each handler shall make deductions from the payments to be made to producers as may be authorized by the membership agreement or marketing contract between the cooperative association and the producers. On or before the 15th day after the end of the month (except as provided in § 1000.90), such deductions shall be paid to the cooperative association rendering the services accompanied by a statement showing the amount of any deductions and the amount of milk for which the deduction was computed for each producer. These deductions shall be made in lieu of the deduction specified in paragraph (a) of this section.

Subpart J--Miscellaneous Provisions

§ 1000.90 Dates.

If a date required for a payment contained in a Federal milk order falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or national holiday, such payment will be due on the next day that the market administrator’s office is open for public business.

§ 1000.91 [Reserved]

§ 1000.92 [Reserved]

§ 1000.93 OMB control number assigned pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act.
The information collection requirements contained in this part have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the provisions of Title 44 U.S.C. chapter 35 and have been assigned OMB control number 0581-0032.