USDA COMMODITY REQUIREMENTS

DYO2 YOGURT PRODUCTS FOR USE IN DOMESTIC PROGRAMS

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Table of Contents

Part 1	COMN	MODITY SPECIFICATIONS	1
Section	1.1	COMMODITIES	1
Section	1.2	WARRANTY	1
Section	1.3	QUALITY ASSURANCE	1
Part 2	CONT	AINER AND PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS	1
Section	2.1	GENERAL	1
Section	2.2	COMMERCIAL PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS	1
Section	2.3	CONTAINERS AND MATERIALS	2
Section	2.4	UNITIZATION REQUIREMENTS	3

Part 1 COMMODITY SPECIFICATIONS

Section 1.1 COMMODITIES

The commodity delivered shall meet the requirements as specified in the Yogurt, Type II (High Protein), Class C (Non-Fat) Commercial Item Descriptions (CID), A-A-20364 (April 24, 2013) at

http://www.ams.usda.gov/AMSv1.0/getfile?dDocName=STELPRDC5103798.

In accordance with meal pattern requirements at 7 CFR 226.20 (a)(5)(iii), yogurt must contain no more than 23 grams of total sugars per 6 oz. For example, no more than 15 grams per 4 oz. serving. Flavor options to be specified in the schedule of supply. When a fruit or dessert flavor option is specified, flavoring shall be CID flavor style a – Blended/stirred/set, using Sweetener type a. Product shall be maintained at 35 – 42 degrees fahrenheit during storage and transportation.

Section 1.2 WARRANTY

The product shall have a shelf life of at least 50 days from date of manufacturer. The product shall not have been manufactured more than 10 days prior to the date of delivery to the Government.

Section 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The contractor shall perform the product testing and quality analysis to ensure that the product meets the commodity specifications. The results shall be evidenced by a Certificate of Analysis (COA).
- B. Contractors shall notify the Government immediately of lots that fail to meet contract requirements

Part 2 CONTAINER AND PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS

Section 2.1 GENERAL

This part provides the container specifications and packaging materials requirements used under this contract.

Section 2.2 COMMERCIAL PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Contractors shall supply commercial brand products only and shall certify at the time of submission of an offer that the commercial product being delivered has a history of successful distribution and use in domestic commercial channels and is sold on the commercial market with an established level of consumer acceptance.
- B. Container and packaging requirements are those used in the current commercial shipping practices and shall comply with:
 - (1) Unitization requirements in Section 2.4.
 - (2) At contractor's option, a statement such as "Not for Retail Sale" may be printed on the principal display panel of the food label.

CR4 Page 1

- (3) The manufacturer's lot code/lot identification number shall be shown on the commercial bill of lading.
- (4) Shipping containers shall be marked to show the maximum safe stacking height. It is the responsibility of the contractor in cooperation with the shipping container manufacturers to determine the safe stacking height.
- (5) For identification upon receipt at delivery warehouses, all commercial-labeled product shipping documents shall specify "FOR USDA FOOD DISTRIBUTION PROGRAMS."

Section 2.3 CONTAINERS AND MATERIALS

A. All containers and packaging shall be constructed to meet the requirements of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for safe contact with the packaged product. The contractor shall obtain and maintain documentation from the container or packaging material manufacturer to verify that the containers and packaging materials used in this contract were in compliance with the Government's regulatory requirements for safe contact with food products as required below:

The commodity shall conform to the applicable provisions of the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act" (21 U.S.C. 301 et. seq.), as amended, and the relevant regulations. The contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws, executive orders, rules and regulations related to its performance under this contract. All containers and packaging materials shall be constructed to meet the requirements of the Food and Drug Administration for safe contact with the packaged product. In addition, all containers and packaging materials shall be constructed to comply with the sum concentration levels of lead, cadmium, mercury, and hexavalent chromium addressed by the Coalition of Northeast Governors (CONEG) model legislation. The sum of the concentration levels of lead, cadmium, mercury, and/or hexavalent chromium present in any package or packaging component shall not exceed 100 parts per million. Concentration levels shall be determined using American Standard of Testing Materials test methods, as revised, or U.S. Environmental Protection Agency test methods for evaluating solid waste, S-W 846, as revised.

B. Questions concerning the containers and materials should be directed to:

USDA/FSA/DACO Room 5755 – South Bldg, STOP 0551 1400 Independence Avenue SW Washington, DC 20250-0551 ATTN: Packaging

C. If the contractor purchases packaging and container ingredients from a foreign country and/or the package and container is manufactured in a foreign country, the package and container SHALL NOT display country of origin labeling. Phrases similar to but not inclusive of,

CR4 Page 2

"Made in [Name of Foreign Country.]" or "Product of [Name of Foreign Country.]" are strictly prohibited.

Section 2.4 UNITIZATION REQUIREMENTS

Shipments shall comply with the following unitization requirements:

A. Unless otherwise specified by the Government, all shipments of packaged products shall be unitized (palletized and stretch wrapped).

B. Pallets shall be:

- (1) Constructed to facilitate the safe handling and transportation of the packaged product, as a unit, without loss or damage.
- (2) A Number 2, four-way, reversible flush stringer with no broken runners or slats.
- (3) Suitable for use in the shipment of food products.

C. Plastic stretch wrap shall be:

- (1) Constructed of a plastic film which is to be stretched a minimum of 50 percent beyond its original length when stretched around the pallet load.
- (2) Applied as tightly as possible around all tiers of the palletized shipping containers. The shipping containers shall be held firmly in place by the stretch wrap.

D. Pallet loads shall be:

- (1) Stacked in such a way as to minimize the amount that shipping containers overhang the edges of pallets.
- (2) Blocked and braced or otherwise loaded into the conveyance in a manner that prevents shifting during transit.

CR4 Page 3