Formal Recommendation From: National Organic Standards Board (NOSB) To: the National Organic Program (NOP)

Date:	October 17, 2012
Subject:	Petition to add beta carotene to §205.605(b) for use in infant formula
Chair:	Barry Flamm
The NOS	SB hereby recommends to the NOP the following:
Rulemak	ring Action: Petition Failed
Guidanc	e Statement:
Other:	
Stateme	ent of Recommendation: (Motion # 1) Passed
Rationa	le Supporting Recommendation (including consistency with OFPA and NOP):
Beta Ca	rotene, as petitioned, is synthetic.
Commit	tee Vote:
	Tracy Favre
	Colehour Bondera
Yes:	

Statement	of Recommendation: (N	lotion # 2)	Failed
Motion to	add Beta-Carotene as pe	etitioned to 205.605(b) for use	in infant formula.
Rationale S	Supporting Recommenda	ation (including consistency w	ith OFPA and NOP):
concerns r the ingred the lipids i	egarding the addition of ient was petitioned for u	-	t absolutely necessary. Further, primary function of stabilizing
Committee	Vote:		
Moved:	Tracy Favre		
Seconded:	Harold Austin		

Abstain: 0

Absent: 0

Yes: 1

No: 14

Recuse: 0

National Organic Standards Board Handling Subcommittee Petitioned Material Proposal Synthetic Beta-Carotene

August 7, 2012

Summary of Proposed Action:

- 1. Petitioned for inclusion on 205.605(b) synthetic, non-agricultural addition to "organic" and "made with organic" ingredients
- 2. The synthetic version is what is being petitioned but there are natural versions of the ingredient on the market. Commercial availability may be a limiting factor.
- 3. The petition mentions for use in infant formula as a nutritional supplement and to prevent lipid components in the formula from going rancid (preservative) and as a colorant.
- 4. Beta-Carotene is necessary for proper development of retinas, and acts as an antioxidant, and in some cases as preservative.
- 5. Is considered GRAS as a food additive for nutrition. As a food colorant, it is exempt from certification (colors are not considered GRAS).
- 6. B-C can be manufactured from a variety of processes including wholly chemical, from natural sources including fungi and algae, but these methods typically use toxic solvents.
- 7. BASF is a key manufacturer of the ingredient
- 8. Commercially available manufacturing process utilizes toxic solvents and/or solvents that pose environmental risk to aquatic species if released.
- 9. One method of manufacture uses relatively benign solvent made from soy and corn feedstuffs.
- 10. Only one method from natural dehydrated carrots was discussed.
- 11. B-C is not required for inclusion in infant formula, therefore the committee had concerns regarding the addition of a synthetic material that is not absolutely necessary.

Evaluation Criteria

Criteria	1
X Yes	
X Yes	Χ
X Yes	
☐ Yes	Χ
	X Yes X Yes X Yes

Substance Fails Criteria Category: [] Comments:									
Proposed Annotation	Proposed Annotation (if any):								
Basis for annotation: □ To meet criteria above □ Other regulatory criteria □ Citation Notes:									
Recommended Con (state actual motion):	Recommended Committee Action & Vote, including classification recommendation (state actual motion):								
Classification Motion: Classify Beta-Carotene as petitioned as synthetic Motion by: Tracy Favre Seconded by: Harold Austin Yes: # 5 No: # 0 Absent: #2 Abstain: # 0 Recuse: # 0 Listing Motion: Add Beta-Carotene as petitioned to 205.605(b) for use in infant formula. Motion by: Tracy Favre Seconded by: Joe Dickson Yes: # 0 No: # 5 Absent: # 2 Abstain: # 0 Recuse: # 0									
Crops		Agricultural		Allowed ¹					
Livestock		Non-synthetic		Prohibited ²					
Handling	X	Synthetic		Rejected ³	X				
No restriction		Commercial unavailable as organic		Deferred ⁴					
¹ Substance voted to be added as "allowed" on National List to § 205. with Annotation (if any): ² Substance to be added as "prohibited" on National List to § 205. with Annotation (if any):									
Describe why a p	rohib	ited substance:							
why material was	³ Substance was rejected by vote for amending National List to § 205. Describe why material was rejected: The committee was reluctant to approve the addition of a synthetic material that was not absolutely necessary.								
⁴ Substance was r If follow-up neede		mended to be deferred because ho will follow up:							
Approved by Comm	ittee	Chair to Transmit to NOSB							

August 7, 2012

John Foster, Committee Chair

Category 1. Adverse impacts on humans or the environment? Substance: Synthetic Beta-Carotene

	Question	Yes	No	N/A ¹	Documentation (TAP; petition; regulatory agency; other)
1.	Are there adverse effects on environment from manufacture, use, or disposal? [§205.600 b.2]	Х	Х		Potential exists for environmental damage due to solvents used in the extraction process, which are toxic to aquatic life
2.	Is there environmental contamination during manufacture, use, misuse, or disposal? [§6518 m.3]	X	X		The solvents used in the manufacturing process are not easily biodegraded and must be properly recycled, leading to potential for improper disposal or spillage. Under proper recycling there is no environmental contamination.
3.	Is the substance harmful to the environment and biodiversity? [§6517c(1)(A)(i);6517(c)(2)(A)i]	Х	Х		Could be harmful should solvents used in manufacturing be improperly disposed of
4.	Does the substance contain List 1, 2 or 3 inerts? [§6517 c (1)(B)(ii); 205.601(m)2]			X	
5.	Is there potential for detrimental chemical interaction with other materials used? [§6518 m.1]				Information not available
6.	Are there adverse biological and chemical interactions in agroecosystem? [§6518 m.5]	Х	Х		See comments above regarding potential for environmental contamination
7.	Are there detrimental physiological effects on soil organisms, crops, or livestock? [§6518 m.5]	Х	Х		See comments above regarding potential for environmental contamination
8.	Is there a toxic or other adverse action of the material or its breakdown products? [§6518 m.2]		Х		
9.	Is there undesirable persistence or concentration of the material or breakdown products in environment? [§6518 m.2]		Х		
10	Are there any harmful effects on human health? [§6517 c (1)(A)(i);	X	Х		Some studies have linked beta- Carotene with increases in lung

6517 c(2)(A)i; §6518 m.4]			cancer of smokers, but generally the effects of the ingredient are considered beneficial
11. Is there an adverse effect on human health as defined by applicable Federal regulations? [205.600 b.3]	X	X	See comments above
12. Is the substance GRAS when used according to FDA's good manufacturing practices? [§205.600 b.5]	X		When considered as a nutritional additive, when as a colorant GRAS is not applicable
13. Does the substance contain residues of heavy metals or other contaminants in excess of FDA tolerances? [§205.600 b.5]	X	X	The FDA has established residue limits for heavy metals but there is no evidence that contamination exists in the ingredient

¹If the substance under review is for crops or livestock production, all of the questions from 205.600 (b) are N/A—not applicable.

Category 2. Is the Substance Essential for Organic Production? Substance: Synthetic Beta-Carotene

	Question	Yes	No	N/A ¹	Documentation (TAP; petition;
					regulatory agency; other)
1.	Is the substance formulated or	Χ			Per both the petition and TR, the
	manufactured by a chemical				ingredient is considered
	process? [6502 (21)]				synthetically manufactured
2.	Is the substance formulated or	X	Х		The most common formulation of
	manufactured by a process that				the petitioned ingredient is wholly
	chemically changes a substance				synthetic and is manufactured
	extracted from naturally occurring				using a Confidential method,
	plant, animal, or mineral,				however there are other methods
	sources?				using solvent extraction from
2	[6502 (21)]		Х		naturally occurring sources
٥.	Is the substance created by naturally occurring biological		^		The petitioned material is Synthetic Beta-Carotene
	processes? [6502 (21)]				Deta-Caroterie
4	Is there a natural source of the	Χ			Beta-Carotene is widely available
	substance? [§205.600 b.1]				in red, orange and yellow fruits and
	5455ta1166. [3266.666 5.1]				vegetables, leafy greens, some
					types of fungus and algae
5.	Is there an organic substitute?	Χ	Χ		Beta-Carotene can be extracted
.	[§205.600 b.1]		^ `		from plants using environmentally
	[0-01000 011]				benign solvents from fermented
					corn and soybean feedstocks, but
					it is not clear whether this process
					would be considered organic
6.	Is the substance essential for	Χ	Χ		As a nutritional additive, Beta-
	handling of organically produced				Carotene has unique anti-oxidant
	agricultural products? [§205.600				and preservative properties, but
	b.6]				the use as a color additive could
					be replaced with alternatives such
					as organic annatto.
7.	Is there a wholly natural substitute	X			Naturally derived Beta-Carotene is
	product?				an alternate source, although
	[§6517 c (1)(A)(ii)]	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			commercial viability is an issue
8.	Is the substance used in handling,	X			Beta-Carotene may be produced
	not synthetic, but not organically				by extraction from some fungi and
	produced?				algae using solvents
0	[§6517 c (1)(B)(iii)]	Χ	Χ		Organic annatto could be used as
ອ.	Is there any alternative substances?	^	^		a replacement for color additive,
	[§6518 m.6]				but would not address the anti-
	[30010111.0]	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		but would not addless the anti-

			oxidant and preservative properties of Beta-Carotene
10. Is there another practice that		Χ	
would make the substance			
unnecessary? [§6518 m.6]			

¹If the substance under review is for crops or livestock production, all of the questions from 205.600 (b) are N/A—not applicable.

Category 3. Is the substance compatible with organic production practices? Substance: Synthetic Beta-Carotene

	Question	Yes	No	N/A ¹	Documentation (TAP; petition; regulatory agency; other)
1.	Is the substance compatible with organic handling? [§205.600 b.2]		X		Synthetic Beta-Carotene is wholly synthetic manufactured from chemical compounds
2.	Is the substance consistent with organic farming and handling? [§6517 c (1)(A)(iii); 6517 c (2)(A)(ii)]		X		
3.	Is the substance compatible with a system of sustainable agriculture? [§6518 m.7]		X		
4.	Is the nutritional quality of the food maintained with the substance? [§205.600 b.3]	X			Beta-Carotene is used as a nutritional substance as a precursor to Vitamin A
5.	Is the primary use as a preservative? [§205.600 b.4]	X	X		Beta-Carotene is used as both a preservative of lipids (in infant formula, for instance) but also as nutritional supplement
6.	Is the primary use to recreate or improve flavors, colors, textures, or nutritive values lost in processing (except when required by law, e.g., vitamin D in milk)? [205.600 b.4]	X			A use of Beta-Carotene is as a coloring agent but the ingredient has other uses as described above
7.	Is the substance used in production, and does it contain an active synthetic ingredient in the following categories:		X		
	a. copper and sulfur compounds;		V		
	b. toxins derived from bacteria;c. pheromones, soaps, horticultural oils, fish emulsions, treated seed, vitamins and minerals?		X	X	
	d. livestock parasiticides and medicines?			Х	
	e. production aids including netting, tree wraps and seals, insect traps, sticky barriers,			Х	

row covers, and equipment		
cleaners?		

¹If the substance under review is for crops or livestock production, all of the questions from 205.600 (b) are N/A—not applicable.

Category 4. Is the commercial supply of an agricultural substance as organic, fragile or potentially unavailable? [§6610, 6518, 6519, 205.2, 205.105 (d), 205.600 (c) 205.2, 205.105 (d), 205.600 (c)] Substance: Name Synthetic Beta-Carotene

	Question	Yes	No	N/A ¹	Documentation (TAP; petition; regulatory agency; other)
	Is the comparative description provided as to why the non-organic form of the material /substance is necessary for use in organic handling?		X		Neither the TR nor petition makes it clear as to why synthetic Beta-Carotene is necessary over natural
2.	Does the current and historical industry information, research, or evidence provided explain how or why the material /substance cannot be obtained organically in the appropriate form to fulfill an essential function in a system of organic handling?		X		
3.	Does the current and historical industry information, research, or evidence provided explain how or why the material /substance cannot be obtained organically in the appropriate quality to fulfill an essential function in a system of organic handling?		X		
4.	Does the current and historical industry information, research, or evidence provided explain how or why the material /substance cannot be obtained organically in the appropriate quantity to fulfill an essential function in a system of organic handling?	X			There is some discussion that there is only one naturally derived substitute that is commercially available.
5.	Does the industry information provided on material / substance non-availability as organic, include (but not limited to) the following: a. Regions of production (including factors such as climate and number of regions);			X	

b. Number of suppliers and amount produced;	Х	X		Two suppliers are mentioned but no quantities are listed
c. Current and historical supplies related to weather events such as hurricanes, floods, and droughts that may temporarily halt production or destroy crops or supplies;		X	X	
d. Trade-related issues such as evidence of hoarding, war, trade barriers, or civil unrest that may temporarily restrict supplies; or		X	X	
e. Are there other issues which may present a challenge to a consistent supply?			X	

¹If the substance under review is for crops or livestock production, all of the questions from 205.600 (b) are N/A—not applicable.