REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and date on all reproductions. According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average .7 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD).

To file a complaint of discrimination, write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE Exhibit C

OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY Lettuce (Lactuca sativa L.)

NAME OF APPLICANT (S)	TEMPORARY OR EXPERIMENTAL DESIGNATION	VARIETY NAME			
ADDRESS (Street and No. or RD No., City, State, Zip Code, and Country)		FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY			
		PVPO NUMBER			
Place the appropriate number that describes the varietal character on the lines below. The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle. Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 60 plants per variety, which should be divided between two or more replicates. Unless otherwise indicated, all observations should be made on 20 plants or parts taken from each of 20 plants. Royal Horticultural Society or any recognized color standard may be used to determine plant colors.					
The Location of the Test Area is: Color System Used:					
1 PLANT TYPE: (See List of Suggested Check Va	arieties on Page 8)				
01 = Cutting/Leaf04 = Cos or Rom02 = Butterhead05 = Great Lakes03 = Bibb06 = Vanguard G	aine 07 = Salinas Group 10 Group 08 = Eastern (Ithaca) Group 11 roup 09 = Stem	= Latin = Other (Specify)			
2. SEED: COLOR L	IGHT DORMANCY	HEAT DORMANCY			
1 = White (Silver Gray)1 = Lig2 = Black (Grey Brown)2 = Lig	ht Required 1 = ht Not Required 2 = 3 = Brown (Amber)	= Susceptible = Not Susceptible			
3. COTYLEDON TO FOURTH LEAF STAGE: NOTE: Provide a color photograph or photocopy of the fourth leaf from 20 day-old seedling grown under optimal conditions.					
SHAPE OF COTYLEDONS: 1 = Broad 2 = Intermediate 3 = Spatulate					
SHAPE OF FOURTH LEAF:		4			
1. Transverse oval 2. Round	3. Oval 4. Elongated	5. Lanceolate 6. Pinnately lobed			

LENGTH/WIDTH IND	EX OF FOURTH LEAF: L/W	/ x 10		
APICAL MARGIN:	1 = Entire 2 = Crenate/Gnawed 3 = Finely Dentate	4 = Moderately Der 5 = Coarsely Denta 6 = Incised	$\begin{array}{ll} \text{ntate} & 7 = \text{Lob} \\ \text{ate} & 8 = \text{Oth} \end{array}$	ed er (Specify)
BASAL MARGIN: (U	se the options for Apical Ma	rgin above)		
UNDULATION:	1 = Flat 2 = Slight	3 = Medium	4 = Marked	
GREEN COLOR:	1 = Yellow Green $3 =$ M $2 =$ Light Green $4 =$ D	ledium Green ark Green	5 = Blue Green 6 = Silver Green	7 = Grey Green
ANTHOCYANIN:				
DISTRIBUTION:	1 = Absent	3 = Spotted 2 = Margin On	5 = Other (Specify ly 4 = Throughou	') ut
CONCENTRATION:	1 = Light	2 = Moderate	3 = Intense	
CUPPING:	1 = Uncupped	2 = Slight	3 = Markedly	
REFLEXING:	1 = None	2 = Apical Margin	3 = Lateral Margin	s
INCISION DEPTH: (deepest penetration o (on margin on apical p INDENTATION: (Fir	1 = Absent/Shallow f the margin) f: 3=Sparse 5=Mediu art) nest divisions of the margin) 1 = Entire (Dark Gre 2 = Shallowly Dentai 3 = Deeply Dentate	(Dark Green Boston m 7=Dense en Boston) te (Great Lakes 65) (Great Lakes 659)	 a) 2 = Moderate (9= Very Dense 4 = Crenate (5 = Other (Space) 	Vanguard) 3 = Deep (Great Lakes 659) (Vanguard) becify)
UNDULATIONS OF	THE 1 = Absent/Slight (D N: 3 = Strong (Grea	ark Green Boston) at Lakes 659)	2 = Moderate (Va	nguard)
GREEN COLOR:	1 = Very Light Greer 2 = Light Green (Mir	n (Bibb) 3 = Meo netto) 4 = Darl	lium Green (Great L k Green (Vanguard)	akes) 5 = Very Dark Green 6 = Other (Specify)
ANTHOCYANIN:				
DISTRIBUTION:	1 = Absent 2 = Margin Only (Big	3 = Sp Boston) 4 = Th	ootted (California Cr proughout (Prize He	eam Butter) 5 = Other (Specify) ad)
CONCENTRATIO	DN: 1 = Light (Iceberg)	2 = Mode	erate (Prize Head)	3 = Intense (Ruby)
SIZE:	1 = Small	2= Mediu	ım	3 = Large
GLOSSINESS:	1 = Dull (Vanguard)	2 = Moo	lerate (Salinas)	3 = Glossy (Great Lakes)
BLISTERING:	1 = Absent/Slight (Salinas)	2 = Moderate (Vanguard)	3 = Stro (Priz	ng re Head)
LEAF THICKNES	S: 1 = Thin	2 = Intermediat	e 3 = Thio	k
TRICHOMES:	1 = Absent (Smooth)) 2 = Present (Sp	biny)	

5. PLANT:

_____ SPREAD OF FRAME LEAVES (cm): ____ HEAD DIAMETER: (Market Trimmed with Single Cap Leaf) ____ HEAD SHAPE: 3 = Spherical 1 = Flattened 5 = Non-Heading 2 = Slightly Flattened 4 = Elongate6 = Other (Specify)_ VARIETIES WITH CLOSED HEAD FORMATION ONLY: (Head: degree of overlapping of upper part of leaves) 1=Very Weak 3=Weak 5=Medium 7=Strong 9=Very Strong _ HEAD SIZE CLASS: 1 = Small 2 = Medium 3= Large _ HEAD WEIGHT HEAD PER CARTON HEAD FIRMNESS: 2 = Moderate 3= Firm 4 = Very Firm 1 = Loose 6. BUTT: ____ SHAPE: 1 = Slightly Concave 2 = Flat 3 = Rounded 3 = Prominently Raised (Great Lakes 659) MIDRIB: 1 = Flattened (Salinas) 2 = Moderately Raised 7. CORE: __ DIAMETER AT BASE OF HEAD (mm): ____. RATIO OF HEAD DIAMETER/CORE DIAMETER: CORE HEIGHT FROM BASE OF HEAD TO APEX: _ AVERAGE: (mm) RANGE (mm) _____ to _____ 8. BOLTING: (Give First Water Date: ___) NOTE: First Water Date is the date seed first receives adequate moisture to germinate. This can and often does equal the planting date. NUMBER OF DAYS FROM FIRST WATER DATE TO SEED STALK EMERGENCE: (summer conditions) 1 = Very Slow 3 = Medium 5 = Very Rapid ____ BOLTING CLASS: 2 = Slow4 = Rapid ____ HEIGHT OF MATURE SEED STALK (cm) SPREAD OF BOLTER PLANT: (cm) (At widest point) ____ BOLTER LEAVES: 1 = Straight 2 = Curved MARGIN: 1 = Entire 2 = Dentate _ COLOR: 1 = Light Green 2 = Medium Green 3 = Dark Green BOLTER HABIT: TERMINAL INFLORESCENCE: 1 = Absent 2 = Present _ LATERAL SHOOTS: 1 = Absent 2 = Present BASAL SIDE SHOOTS: 1 = Absent 2 = Present

9. MATURITY: (earliness of harvest-mature head formation)

NOTE: Complete this section for at least one season.

SEASON	APPLICATION VARIETY No. of Days ¹			
Spring				
Summer				
Fall				
Winter				

¹ First Water Date to Harvest

Give Planting Date(s) and Location(s):				
Spring:				
Summer:				
Fall:				
Winter: _				

10. ADAPTATION:

PRIMARY REGIONS OF ADAPTATION (tested a	ind proven adapted): 0 = Not Test	ed $1 = Not Adapted 2 = A$	Adapted			
Southwest (CA and/or AZ desert)	West Coast	Northeast				
North Central	Southeast	Other (Specif	y)			
SEASON:						
Spring (Area) Fall	(Area)			
Summer (Area)Winter	(Area)			
GREENHOUSE: 0 = Not Tested	1 = Not Adapted	2 = Adapted				
SOIL TYPE: 1 = Mineral	2 = Organic	3 = Both				
11. VIRAL DISEASES:						
1 = Immune 3 = Resistant 5 = Mode	erately Resistant/Moderately Susce	ptible 7 = Susceptible	9 = Highly Susceptible			
Big Vein						
Lettuce Mosaic						
Cucumber Mosaic						

_____ Tomato Bushy Stunt, cause of dieback

- ____ Turnip Mosaic
- ____ Beet Western Yellows
- ____ Lettuce Infectious Yellows
- ____ Other (Specify) _____

12. FUNGAL/BACTERIAL DISEASES:

1 = Immune	3 = Resistant	5 = Moderately Resistant/Moderately Susceptible	7 = Susceptible	9 = Highly Susceptible
Corky Roc (Races:	ot Rot-)		
Downy Mil (Races:	dew)		

12. FUNGAL/BACTERIAL DISEASES: (continued)

	Powdery Mildew			
	Sclerotinia Drop			
	Bacterial Soft Rot			
	Botrytis (Grey Mold)			
	Verticillium Wilt			
	Bacterial Leaf Spot			
	Anthracnose			
	Other (Specify)			
13.	INSECTS:			
	1 = Immune 3 = Resistant	5 = Moderately Resistant/Moderately Susceptible	7 = Susceptible	9 = Highly Susceptible
	Cabbage Loopers			
	Root Aphids			
	Green Peach Aphid			
	Lettuce Aphid			
	Pea Leafminer			
	Other (Specify)			
14				
14.	1 - Immune 3 - Resistant	5 - Moderately Resistant/Moderately Suscentible	7 — Suscentible	9 - Highly Susceptible
	Tipburn			
	Heat			
	Drought			
	Cold			
	Salt			
	Brown Rib (Rib Discoloration, Rib Blight)			
	Other (Specify)			
15.	POST HARVEST STRESS:			
	1 = Immune 3 = Resistant	5 = Moderately Resistant/Moderately Susceptible	7 = Susceptible	9 = Highly Susceptible
	Pink Rib			
	Russet Spotting			
	Rusty Brown Discoloration			
	Internal Rib Necrosis (Blackheart, Grev Rib. Grev Stre	ak)		
	Brown Stain			

16. BIOCHEMICAL OR ELECTROPHORETIC MARKERS:

17. COMMENTS:

SUGGESTED CHECK VARIETIES

- TYPE
- Cutting/Leaf 1
- Butterhead 2
- 3 Bibb
- 4 5 Cos or Romain
- Great Lakes Group
- Vanguard Group 6
- 7 Salinas Group
- 8 Eastern Group
- Stem 9
- 10 Latin

CHECK VARIETY Waldmann's Green Dark Green Boston Bibb Parris Island Great Lakes 659-700 Vanguard Salinas Ithaca Celtuce Little Gem

REFERENCES

Bowring, J.D.C., 1969, "The Identification of Varieties of Lettuce (Lactuca Sativa L.)". Journal of the National Institute of Agricultural Botany 11:499-520. National Institute of Agricultural Botany, Cambridge, UK.

Davis, R.M., K.V. Subbarao, R.N. Raid, and E.A. Kurtz, 1997. "Compendium of Lettuce Diseases". APS Press, St. Paul, MN.

Michelmore, R.W., J. M. Norwood, D.S. Ingram, I.R. Crute and P. Nicholson. 1984. "The interitance of virulence in Bremia lactucae to match resistance factors 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, and 11 in lettuce (Lactuca sativa)", Plant Pathology 32:176-177.

Norwood, J.M., R.W. Michelmore, I.R. Crute and D.S. Ingram. 1983. "The inheritance of specific virulence of Bremia lactucae (Downy Mildew) to match R-factors 1, 2, 4, 6, and 11 in lettuce (Lactuca sativa)". Plant Pathology 32:176-177.

Rodenburg, C.M., et al., 1960. "Varieties of Lettuce. An International Monograph", Instituut voor de Verdeling van Tuinbouwgewassen (IVT), Wageningen, NL.

Ryder, E.J., 1999, Lettuce, Endive, and Chicory, CABI Publications, Wallingford, UK